BEAZLEY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIABILITY AND CRIME INSURANCE POLICY

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Beazley

Beazley Pte. Limited is a service company that is part of the Beazley group of companies. Beazley Pte. Limited is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore under the Insurance (Lloyd's Asia Scheme) Regulations. Beazley Pte. Limited has authority to enter into contracts of insurance on behalf of the Lloyd's underwriting members of Lloyd's syndicate 623 and 2623 which are managed by Beazley Furlonge Limited which is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority in the UK (ref 204896) in its capacity as an insurer.

Beazley Claims Service

The **insurer** will assign a Claims Manager and provide their e-mail address, direct dial telephone number and mobile phone number.

The Claims Manager will endeavour to respond to phone calls within one business day and if the assigned Claims Manager is unable to respond for whatever reason, another Claims representative will contact you.

The Claims Manager, and where applicable the **insurer's** external advisors, will respond in a prompt, professional and transparent manner and will provide straight answers and deliver on commitments.

Claims Managers will be available for meetings to candidly discuss any coverage or claims issues, and will keep an open mind and give any alternative opinions due consideration. Claims Managers work closely with the underwriting teams to ensure that the policy intent is respected.

beazley

SCHEDULE

Policy Number

Parent company Name:

Address:

Policy period From:

To:

Limits of Liability Insuring Clauses

(1) Civil liability for managers and funds and (4) Crime

HKD in the aggregate during the **policy period**

and separately

(2) Directors & officers liability for manager

HKD in the aggregate during the **policy period**

and separately

(3) Directors & officers liability for fund

HKD in the aggregate during the **policy period.**

Coverage Extensions

The following sub-limits will apply in the aggregate during the **policy period** as

follows:

20% of the aggregate limit of liability applicable to Insuring Clause 1 will apply to

Coverage Extension 1(a) Regulatory Costs incurred by **company** and **fund.**HKD 150,000 Coverage Extension 1(b) Internal Investigation Costs

HKD 150,000 Coverage Extension 3 Reputation Costs
HKD 150,000 Coverage Extension 7 Key Person Costs

HKD1,000,000 for **Data security breach costs**

Retention <u>Civil liability and crime</u>

HKD each and every claim, insured event or crime loss

Directors and officers liability

HKD each and every **claim** or **insured event**

Discovery Period 365 days

Additional Premium payable of 100% of the annual premium plus applicable taxes

Premium HKD plus applicable taxes



THIS POLICY SETS OUT THE TERMS UPON WHICH THE **INSURER** AGREES TO INSURE THE **INSURED** IN CONSIDERATION OF THE PAYMENT OF, OR AGREEMENT TO PAY, THE PREMIUM STATED IN THE SCHEDULE. THE INSURING CLAUSES AND COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ARE SUBJECT TO ALL TERMS, CONDITIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS OF THIS POLICY.

A. INSURING CLAUSES

1. Civil liability for manager & fund

The **insurer** will pay on behalf of the **insured** any **professional loss** resulting from a **claim** first made against the **insured** during the **policy period**.

2. <u>Directors & officers liability for manager</u>

(a) Individuals

The **insurer** will pay on behalf of the **directors or officers** any **professional loss** not indemnified by the **company** which results from a **claim** first made against the **directors or officers** during the **policy period**.

(b) Investment manager reimbursement

The **insurer** will reimburse or pay on behalf of the **company** any **professional loss** that the **company** has paid, or agreed to pay, as indemnification of **directors or officers**, which results from a **claim** first made against such **directors or officers** during the **policy period**.

(c) Investment manager securities claims

The **insurer** will pay the **company** for any **professional loss** resulting from any **claim** first made against the **company** during the **policy period**.

3. <u>Directors & officers liability for fund</u>

(a) Individuals

The **insurer** will pay on behalf of the **directors or officers** any **professional loss** not indemnified by the **fund** which results from a **claim** first made against the **directors or officers** during the **policy period**.

(b) Fund reimbursement

The insurer will reimburse or pay on behalf of the fund any professional loss that the fund has paid, or agreed to pay, as indemnification of directors or officers, which results from a claim first made against such directors or officers during the policy period.



4. Crime

The **insurer** will indemnify the **insured** for **crime loss** which is first **discovered** during the **policy period** and which results directly from:

- (a) the dishonest act of an employee;
- (b) a **documentary fraud**;
- (c) an electronic or telephonic fraud;
- (d) physical loss of or damage to property or physical damage to or destruction of premises;
- (e) extortion.

B. COVERAGE EXTENSIONS

1. <u>Regulatory extensions</u>

(a) Regulatory costs

The insurer will pay regulatory costs of an insured.

(b) Internal investigation costs

The insurer will pay internal investigation costs of an insured person.

2. Mitigation

The insurer will pay mitigation costs of an insured.

3. <u>Damage to reputation</u>

The insurer will pay the reputation costs of an insured person.

4. Extradition costs

The insurer will pay the extradition costs of a director or officer.

5. Freezing of assets and disqualification costs

The insurer will pay the freezing of assets and disqualification costs of a director or officer.



6. <u>Health and safety</u>

The insurer will pay health and safety claim costs of a director or officer.

7. Key person

The insurer will pay key person costs of an insured.

8. <u>Crime extensions</u>

The **insurer** will indemnify the **insured** for:

- (a) **crime loss** which is first **discovered** during the **policy period** resulting directly from:
 - (i) the insured having a legal liability for incomplete transactions;
 - (ii) a loss of subscription rights;
- (b) data security breach costs, software removal or reconstitution costs, legal costs and audit costs necessarily incurred by the insured with the insurer's prior written consent, following and in connection with a direct financial loss sustained by the insured and payable by the insurer under this policy.

C. COVERAGE RESTRICTIONS

APPLICABLE TO INSURING CLAUSES 1, 2 AND 3 AND RELATED COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ONLY

The **insurer** will not be liable to make any payment under this policy for that part of any **professional loss**:

1. Bodily injury or property damage

resulting from any **claim** for actual or alleged bodily injury, sickness, disease or death of any person, or damage to, destruction, impairment or loss of use of any tangible property.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to:

- emotional distress, defamation, libel, slander or injurious falsehood committed by the **insured** or by any person for whose acts the **insured** is legally responsible;
- (b) loss, damage or destruction of documents or personally identifiable customer information; or
- (c) health and safety claim costs.



2. Conduct

brought about or contributed to by any:

- (a) deliberately dishonest act or omission of any **insured**; or
- (b) profit or advantage gained by any insured to which such insured is not legally entitled;

as established by a final and non-appealable adjudication in the underlying proceeding, or formal written admission by such **insured**.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply for the purposes of Insuring Clause 1 to any actual or alleged vicarious liability of the **company** which arises from the deliberately dishonest act of an **insured person**.

3. <u>Prior claims, insured events and circumstances</u>

arising out of, based upon or attributable to any **claim**, **insured event**, fact, circumstance or **wrongful act** of which notice has been given under any policy in relation to which this policy is a renewal or replacement or of which any **responsible person** had knowledge prior to the inception of this policy or any matter which taken together with such **claim**, **insured event**, fact, circumstance or **wrongful act** would constitute a **single event**.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to facts or circumstances which have been notified to the **insurer** under any earlier policy but were not accepted by the **insurer** as a valid notification, and where cover has been maintained continuously with the **insurer** from the inception date of that earlier policy until the inception date of this policy.

APPLICABLE TO INSURING CLAUSE 1 ONLY AND RELATED COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ONLY

4. <u>Contractual liability</u>

arising out of, based upon or attributable to any contractual penalty, acceptance by the **insured** of liability for any liquidated damages, or guarantee or warranty provided by the **insured**.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to:

- (a) the **insured's** failure to perform its duties with reasonable skill and care, provided that the **insurer's** liability will be limited to such sums as the **insured** would have had to pay in the absence of such contractual penalty, liquidated damages or guarantee or warranty; or
- (b) any liability assumed by any **insured** which is a requirement of, or a condition contained within the membership rules, regulations or user agreements of:



- (i) any regulated payment systems company, regulated exchange, clearing house or any other regulated trading facility, system or network providing services or functionality of a similar nature;
- (ii) any party with which the **insured** has a written or electronic agreement for the provision of registration and entitlement records for the **insured** in connection with securities.

5. <u>Infrastructure</u>

arising out of, based upon or attributable to any failure or malfunction of electrical or telecommunications infrastructure or services which are outside the control of the **insured**.

6. Insured v insured

arising out of any **claim** brought by or on behalf of any **insured**, or successor of any **insured**.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to any **claim**:

- (a) brought by a **fund** against a **company** or **insured persons**;
- (b) brought by or on behalf of the **insured person** as a customer, client or investor of the **company** or **fund**; or
- (c) that emanates from an independent third party.

7. Duties to employees

arising out of, is based upon or attributable to directly or indirectly, any breach of any obligation or duty owed or purportedly owed by the **company** or **fund** as a current, former or prospective employer.

8. <u>Shareholder, bondholder or creditor</u>

arising out of any **claim** which is brought by, in the right of or on behalf of any shareholder or bondholder of the **company** in its capacity as a shareholder or bondholder, or creditor in the event of the insolvency, receivership, bankruptcy or liquidation of the **company**.

9. Intellectual property

arising out of any **claim** for the breach of any intellectual property right or misappropriation of a trade secret.



10. <u>Rico</u>

arising out of, based upon or attributable to any actual or alleged violation by the **insured**, or by any person for whose acts the **insured** is legally responsible, of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organisations Act 18 USC, Sections 1961-1968 (U.S.A.).

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to any allegation of a breach of the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap 201) (Hong Kong).

APPLICABLE TO INSURING CLAUSE 2 AND 3 ONLY AND RELATED COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ONLY

11. <u>Company v insured (US)</u>

arising out of any **claim** brought by, on behalf of, or at the direction of the **company**, **fund** or an **outside entity**, in the United States of America, its territories or possessions, except and to the extent such **claim**:

- (a) is brought derivatively by a security holder of the company, fund or an outside entity who, when such claim is made and maintained, is acting independently of, and without the solicitation, assistance, participation or intervention of an insured person (other than an insured person engaged in whistleblowing), the company, fund or any outside entity, or
- (b) is brought by any receiver, liquidator, administrator, judicial manager or other person holding equivalent office of the company, fund or an outside entity, or any assignee of such person.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to **defence costs**.

APPLICABLE TO INSURING CLAUSE 4 AND RELATED COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ONLY

The **insurer** will not be liable to make any payment under this policy for that part of any **crime loss**:

12. <u>Directors and partners dishonesty</u>

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, in whole or in part, any dishonest, fraudulent or malicious act of any director or partner of the **insured**, except to the extent that such director or partner is deemed to be an **employee**.

13. Dishonest act of an employee

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, any dishonest, fraudulent or malicious act of any **employee.**

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to Insuring Clause A.4(a) (dishonest act of an employee) or Coverage Extension B.8(b).



14. Existence, valuation or performance of assets

resulting from the **insured**, or any **financial organisation** acting on behalf of the **insured**, having acted or relied upon false information concerning the existence, valuation or performance of assets except when the information was fraudulently created, or fraudulently altered by a person other than the person who purported to have created it.

This Coverage Restriction only applies to Insuring Clause A.4(c) (electronic or telephonic fraud).

15. <u>Extortion, kidnap and ransom</u>

arising out of, based upon or attributable to extortion or kidnap and ransom.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to Insuring Clause A.4(a) (dishonest act of an employee), A.4(e) (extortion) or **software removal or reconstitution costs** covered under Coverage Extension B.8(b). In no event will cover be provided for any **crime loss** which is in violation of the Kidnapping Act (Cap 151) (Singapore).

16. Fines, penalties or damages

comprising fines, penalties or damages of any type except direct compensatory damages arising out of a **crime loss** covered by this policy.

17. Indirect loss

- (a) which is indirect or consequential except where covered under Coverage Extensions B.8(a), or B.8(b)
- (b) which represents loss or deprivation of income or profits (including interest and dividends), except for a **loss of subscription rights** covered under Coverage Extension B.8(a)(ii); or
- (c) arising out of, based upon or attributable to:
 - (i) business interruption or loss of computer time or use;
 - (ii) mechanical, electronic or software failure, faulty construction, error in design, latent defect, wear or tear, gradual deterioration, electrical disturbance, **electronic media** failure or breakdown or any malfunction or error in programming; or
 - (iii) errors or omissions in processing.



18. Litigation costs and loss establishment fees

which is incurred in establishing the existence or amount of **crime loss** covered under this policy, or in prosecuting or defending any legal proceeding, or incurred as a party to any legal proceeding.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to Coverage Extension B.8(b).

19. Prior discovery

which was discovered prior to the inception date of this policy.

20. <u>Property damage</u>

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, loss, damage or destruction:

- (a) of or to any premises, however caused, except where such loss, damage or destruction is a **physical damage to or destruction of premises** covered under Insuring Clause A.4(d);
- (b) of or to any property whatsoever by reason of wear, tear, gradual deterioration, moth or vermin;
- (c) as a result of looting, or any act of God or nature; or
- (d) arising out of, based upon or attributable to ionising radiation or contamination by radioactivity from any nuclear fuel or from any nuclear waste from the combustion of nuclear fuel, or the radioactive, toxic, explosive or other hazardous properties of any explosive nuclear assembly or nuclear component thereof.

21. <u>War and terrorism</u>

- (a) arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, war, invasion, act of foreign enemy, hostile operations (whether war has been declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, riot or civil commotion amounting to a popular uprising, military or usurped power or martial law.
- (b) arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, terrorism except where the **crime loss** results directly from any actual or attempted burglary, robbery, hold-up, theft or larceny.

This Coverage Restriction only applies to Insuring Clause A.4(d) (physical loss of or damage to property or physical damage to or destruction of premises), A.4(e) (extortion) or Coverage Extension B.8(b).



22. Written documents

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, the **insured** (or a **financial organisation** acting on behalf of the **insured**) having acted or relied upon electronic data for which the source is a physical document which is **forged**, **fraudulently altered**, **counterfeit** or contains information which is fictitious.

This Coverage Restriction only applies to Insuring Clause A.4(c) (electronic or telephonic fraud).

For the purpose of determining the applicability of these Coverage Restrictions, the knowledge or act, error or omission of any **insured person** will not be imputed to any other **insured person**. The knowledge of each **responsible person** will be imputed to all **companies**.

D. CLAIM PROVISIONS

1. <u>Notification</u>

(a) Claims and insured events

The **insured** must give notice to the **insurer** of any:

- (i) claim made against the insured during the policy period; or
- (ii) insured event occurring during the policy period,

as soon as practicable after the **responsible person** first becomes aware of such **claim** or **insured event** but in no event later than 60 days after the end of the **policy period**, or within any applicable **discovery period**.

The **insured** must also give notice to the **insurer** of any intention on the part of the **insured** to incur **mitigation costs** either prior to such costs being incurred, or in respect of a time critical event, within 14 days of such costs being incurred.

(b) Circumstances

The **insured** may, during the **policy period**, notify the **insurer** of any fact or circumstances which in the reasonable opinion of the **responsible person** may give rise to a **claim** or an **insured event**.

Any notice must include the reasons why the **responsible person** reasonably anticipates that the fact or circumstances may give rise to a **claim** or an **insured event** and, where available, full particulars of the dates, acts and persons involved.

Any **claim** which is made or **insured event** which occurs after the end of the **policy period** and which arises from a circumstance notified in accordance with this clause will be deemed to have been made or have occurred at the same time as the circumstance.



(c) Crime losses

Upon **discovery** of a **crime loss**, the **insured**, must:

- (i) give to the **insurer** written notice of that **crime loss**, as soon as practicable following **discovery**, but in no event later than 60 days after the end of the **policy period**, or within any applicable **discovery period**; and
- (ii) file a detailed proof of **crime loss** in a format agreed with the **insurer** within 6 months of such written notice, or within a further period as agreed in writing by the **insurer**.

In the event that the **insured** is prevented from notifying any **claim**, **insured event** or **crime loss** to the **insurer** (after the **insured** has sought consent to do so) due to any legal or regulatory prohibition restricting them from doing so, the **insured** must provide full details of the **claim**, **insured event** or **crime loss** to the **insurer** as soon as such restriction is lifted.

If the **insured** does not give notice to the **insurer** in compliance with this provision D.1 *Notification*, the **insurer** will have no liability under this policy in respect of that **claim**, **insured event**, **crime loss** or **mitigation costs**.

(d) Related matters

A **single event** will be treated by the **insurer** as having been notified when the first of such **claims**, **insured events** or **crime losses** was notified or is deemed to have been notified to the **insurer**, irrespective of whether or not the **insurer** has formally accepted the notice.

(e) Address for notifications

All notices must be sent either by e-mail to flclaims@beazley.com or by mail to the address below:

Financial Lines Claims Beazley Pte. Limited 138 Market Street, #03-04, CapitaGreen, Singapore 048946



2. Defence and settlement

(a) Duties

The **insured** has the right and duty to defend and contest any:

- (i) **claim** made against them;
- (ii) **insured event** commenced against them; or
- (iii) claims made against them for which coverage is afforded under Coverage Extension B.8(a)(i).

The **insured** will take all reasonable steps to prevent or minimise any **loss**.

The **insurer** will be entitled to participate fully in the conduct of the defence, including settlement negotiations, contribution or indemnification proceedings, where it is reasonably likely to involve the **insurer** making any payment under this policy.

(b) Consent to policy costs

The **insurer** will not be obliged to pay any **policy costs** provided under this policy unless the **insurer** has provided prior written consent to such **policy costs** being incurred (except where expressly stated in the policy that prior consent is not first required).

If the **insurer**'s prior written consent cannot reasonably be obtained before **policy costs** are incurred, then the **insurer** will give retrospective approval for such reasonable **policy costs** necessarily incurred.

(c) Advancements

The **insurer** will, upon the written request of an **insured**, advance **defence costs** prior to coverage being confirmed.

(d) Consent to settlements

If an **insured** admits liability or compromises or settles any **claim**, **insured event**, demand, suit or legal proceeding without the **insurer's** prior written consent, this policy will afford no cover in connection with that admission, **claim**, **insured event**, demand, suit or legal proceeding.

The **insured** will not be required to receive the **insurer's** consent prior to making any self report or formal written representation to a **regulatory authority**, provided that as soon as legally permitted, the **insured** will seek the consent of the **insurer** in accordance with this clause. The **insurer** will not consider such self report or formal written representation as an admission of liability for the purposes of this clause.



(e) Uninsured loss

The **insured** will reimburse the **insurer** for any payments which are ultimately determined not to be covered under this policy.

3. Allocation

Where a **claim**, **insured event** or **crime loss** involves both parties covered and not covered and/or matters covered and not covered by this policy, a fair and proper allocation shall be made between the **insured** and the **insurer**, taking into account the relative legal and financial exposures attributable to the covered matters or persons and the matters or persons not covered by this policy.

4. <u>Cooperation</u>

The **insured** will give all information and assistance to the **insurer** as it may reasonably require to enable it to investigate any matter notified under this policy and cooperate with the **insurer** in responding to any **claim**, **insured event** or **crime loss**.

Except where expressly provided for in this policy, these steps will be at the **insured's** own cost. The failure of any **insured person** to give the **insurer** the information and assistance which it may reasonably require will not impair the rights of any other **insured person** under this policy.

5. Basis of valuation

APPLICABLE TO CRIME INSURING CLAUSE AND COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ONLY

- (a) In calculating the amount payable under this policy for any **crime loss**, deductions will be made in respect of recoveries received from any source. The **retention** will apply to the net figure after making these deductions, but nothing in this clause will be construed to mean that such **crime loss** is not payable under this policy until the net figure has been ascertained
- (b) In no event shall the **insurer** be liable for more than:
 - the actual market value of securities, foreign funds, currencies or precious metals which will be determined by their closing market value on the last business day prior to the crime loss being discovered or, if less, the actual cost of replacing the securities;
 - the cost of blank books, blank pages or other materials plus the cost of labour and computer time for the actual transcription or copying of data furnished by the **insured** in order to reproduce **physical records**;

- (iii) the cost of blank electronic data processing media and the cost of labour for the actual transcription or copying of electronic data furnished by the **insured**, in order to reproduce that electronic data, however if that electronic data cannot be reproduced and represents securities or other financial instruments of value, then the crime loss will be valued as indicated at sub-paragraphs (i) and (iv) of this clause (b):
- (iv) the actual cash value of other property at the time the **crime loss** was **discovered**, or the actual cost of repairing or replacing the property with property or material of like quality or value, whichever is less;
- (v) the value of subscription, redemption, conversion or deposit privileges immediately preceding their expiration;
- (vi) any interest receivable which exceeds the average 3-month Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate between the time of sustaining crime loss and the date of discovery of the crime loss.
- (c) In the event that a loss of **securities** is covered by this policy, the **insurer** will, at their election, indemnify the **insured** for either:
 - (i) any premium required to be paid by the **insured** to purchase lost instrument bonds; or
 - (ii) an amount which the insured may be required to pay either during the policy period or any time thereafter by reason of any indemnifying agreement executed by the insured in relation to any lost instrument bonds issued or purchased by the insured,

for the reissuing of duplicate securities.

(d) In calculating crime loss as a result of the physical loss of or damage to cancelled cheques, cancelled drafts or cancelled credit card receipts, additional reasonable employee expenses necessarily incurred by the insured in identifying the depositors of those lost or damaged cancelled items, or in assisting depositors in obtaining duplicates thereof, shall be included.

6. <u>Other insurance or indemnification</u>

This policy will only pay **loss** that is in excess of any amount recoverable from any more specific directors' and officers'/management liability, professional indemnity, pension trustee/fiduciary liability, investment managers liability or crime insurance available to the **insured**. As excess insurance, this policy will not apply or contribute to the payment of any **loss** until the amounts of that other insurance have been exhausted.

All coverage under this policy for **professional loss** arising from an **insured person** whilst acting in their capacity as an **outside director**, will be specifically excess of and will not contribute with, any other insurance or indemnification available to such **insured person** from the **outside entity** or its insurers by reason of their service as such.



7. <u>Financial interest coverage</u>

The **insurer** will not provide cover for the **loss** of an **uncovered company**. The **insurer** will instead indemnify the **parent company** for its financial interest in such **uncovered company** by way of agreed valuation calculated as the amount of **loss** which would have been payable to the **uncovered company** under this policy, however no indemnity will be provided in respect of any Insuring Clause or Coverage Extension which would have covered the **loss** of any **insured person**. For the purpose of this provision the **parent company** will be deemed to have suffered loss to its financial interest simultaneously with the **uncovered company** which incurred the **loss** for which it would have been entitled to receive indemnity under this policy.

8. Subrogation and recoveries

In the event of any payment under this policy, the **insurer** will be subrogated to all rights and remedies available to the **insured** in connection with that payment and will be entitled to bring proceedings in the name of the **insured**. Whether before or after payment under this policy, the **insured** will take all steps necessary, or required by the **insurer**, to preserve the rights and remedies which the **insured** may have to recover its **loss**.

The **insured** will provide to the **insurer** any assistance in their power as the **insurer** may require to secure the rights and remedies set out above and shall take all steps required by the **insurer**. The **insurer** shall be entitled to take control of all steps taken to recover any covered **loss**, whether or not there is uninsured loss.

Any amounts recovered will be applied in the following order:

- (a) to recompense the **insured** and the **insurer** for any costs incurred in bringing proceedings against the third party;
- (b) then to the insured for the amount of any loss which exceeds the limit of liability;
- (c) then to the **insurer** up to the amount of the **loss** paid by the **insurer** and the **limit of liability** will be reinstated for such amounts; and
- (d) then to the **insured** to reimburse the **retention**.

The **insurer** agrees not to exercise its rights of recovery against any **insured person** unless the payments made by the **insurer** under this policy are brought about or contributed to by the deliberately dishonest act or omission of that **insured person**.



E. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. <u>Limit of liability</u>

The **limit of liability** is the maximum amount payable by the **insurer** under this policy in respect of all **insureds**, Insuring Clauses and Coverage Extensions. However, the **limit of liability** will be reinstated as follows:

(a) Civil liability for manager and fund reinstatement

If the **limit of liability** is eroded or exhausted by payment of **loss**, the **limit of liability** will be automatically reinstated to the extent of such erosion or exhaustion. Such reinstated **limit of liability** will only apply to the coverage afforded under Insuring Clause 1 and only after the limit of liability of all insurance policies sitting excess of this policy have been exhausted.

(b) Directors & officers liability for manager reinstatement

If the **limit of liability** is eroded or exhausted by payment of **professional loss**, the **limit of liability** will be automatically reinstated to the extent of such erosion or exhaustion. Such reinstated **limit of liability** will only apply to the coverage afforded under Insuring Clause 2(a) and only after the limit of liability of all insurance policies sitting excess of this policy have been exhausted.

The **insurer** will not be liable for more than the **limit of liability** in respect of all **loss** arising from a **single event** and twice the **limit of liability** in respect of all **loss** payable under this policy (in the event of a reinstatement). Where **professional loss** is incurred by a **fund** and any **director or officer** of that **fund** which arises from a **single event** and where such **professional loss** would be covered under Insuring Clauses 1 and 3, the **insurer's** maximum liability for any **professional loss** in the aggregate arising from such **single event** will be the larger of the available **limit of liability** under either Insuring Clause 1 or Insuring Clause 3 but not both (after making allowance for any previous erosion of those **limits of liability** by any **loss** not arising from that **single event**).

Any loss paid by the insurer under this policy will erode the limit of liability.

Where any sub-limit is specified in the policy or schedule, the **insurer** will have no liability in excess of that sub-limit. Any sub-limit will be part of and not in addition to the **limit of liability**.

In the event that a **crime loss** is sustained by any **plan** that is covered under this policy, payment will be made by the **insurer** to the trustees of that **plan** for and on behalf of the beneficiaries.



2. <u>Retention</u>

(a) Civil liability manager and fund

The **insurer** will be liable only for that part of any covered **professional loss** which exceeds the **retention**.

(b) Directors & officers liability for manager and fund

The **insurer** will be liable only for that part of any covered **professional loss** which exceeds the **retention**. The **retention** will apply to:

- (i) all **professional loss** to which indemnification of an **insured person** by the **company**, **fund** or an **outside entity** is legally required or permitted, whether or not actual indemnification is made, unless such indemnification is not made by the **company**, **fund** or such **outside entity** solely by reason of its financial insolvency, in which case no retention will apply.
- (ii) all other **professional loss** incurred by the **company** or **fund**.

With respect to the **company's**, **fund's** and any **outside entity's** indemnification of **insured persons**, the certificate of incorporation, charter, by-laws, articles of association, or other organisational documents of the **parent company**, each **subsidiary**, each **fund** and each **outside entity**, will be deemed to permit indemnification of the **insured persons** to the fullest extent allowable by law.

In the event a **company**, **fund** or an **outside entity** refuses in writing to indemnify the **insured persons** for **policy costs** or fails to indemnify the **insured persons** for **policy costs** within 60 days of a request for indemnification, then the **insurer** will advance such **policy costs**, provided that the **insurer** will be entitled to seek recovery from the **company**, **fund** or **outside entity** for such **policy costs** up to the amount of the **retention**. The **insurer** will be entitled to offset such **policy costs** against any sums due from the **insurer** to the **company** or **fund**.



(c) Crime

The **insurer** will be liable only for that part of any covered **crime loss** which exceeds the **retention**.

The **retention** will not apply in respect of any **crime loss** sustained or incurred by a **plan** where that **plan** is required by law to comply with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act 1974 (ERISA) (U.S.A.).

Only one **retention**, being the largest, will be applied to the aggregate amount of **loss** arising from a **single event**.

In respect of **mitigation costs**, a single **retention** will apply to all anticipated **claims** arising out of, based upon or attributable to the same originating cause, source or event.

3. <u>Change of control / acquisitions</u>

In the event of a **change of control** of a **company**, **fund** or **plan** or acquisition of a **subsidiary**, no cover under this policy will apply for any:

- (a) **claim** against that **company**, **fund**, **subsidiary** or their **insured persons**, which arises from a **wrongful act**;
- (b) **insured event** concerning that **company**, **fund**, **subsidiary** or their **insured persons**, which arises out of any conduct; or
- (c) any **crime loss** of that **company**, **fund**, **subsidiary** or their **plans**,

that occurred or was sustained after such **change of control** or first commenced or was sustained before such acquisition.

The **parent company** will, as soon as practicable, give the **insurer** written notice of any **change of control** which takes place in respect of the **parent company**.

4. <u>Employee dishonesty post discovery</u>

APPLICABLE TO CRIME INSURING CLAUSE AND COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ONLY

Cover under this policy shall cease in respect of any subsequent acts of any employee, as soon as any responsible person, not in collusion with that employee, discovers the commission of a dishonest, fraudulent or malicious act by such employee which could reasonably be foreseen to give rise to a crime loss, but without prejudice to the loss of valuable property in transit in the custody of the employee at the time of discovery.



5. Discovery period

If this policy is not renewed or replaced, the **insured** will be entitled:

- (a) to an automatic **discovery period** of 60 days;
- (b) to purchase an optional discovery period for a longer period as specified in the Schedule, provided that written notice is given to the insurer by the parent company within 30 days after the end of the policy period and any additional premium specified by the insurer is paid within 45 days of the end of the policy period; and
- (c) to an unlimited **discovery period** in the event such **insured** is a **retired insured person**.

The automatic **discovery period** will be part of and not in addition to any optional **discovery period** purchased by the **insured**.

The **discovery period** is non-cancellable and the premium for the optional **discovery period** is deemed fully earned at the inception date of the optional **discovery period**.

In the event of a **change of control** of the **parent company**, the **parent company** is entitled to purchase a 72 month **discovery period** on such terms and conditions and for such additional premium as the **insurer** requires.

Any discovery period does not increase the limit of liability, and any payments made with respect to claims, insured events and crime losses during the discovery period is part of the limit of liability.

6. <u>Cancellation</u>

If the premium due under this policy has not been paid to the **insurer** within 60 days of the inception of the **policy period** then this policy will be cancelled with effect from the end of the 60 day period by notifying the **parent company** in writing direct or via the insurance broker.

The **insurer** will give not less than 30 days prior notice of such cancellation. If the premium due is paid in full to the **insurer** before the notice period expires, notice of cancellation will automatically be revoked.

If any additional premium due under the terms of this policy or in respect of any amendment to the terms of this policy is not paid within 30 days of the date on which it is due to be paid, the **insurer** will not have any liability in respect of the additional rights which were to have been purchased by the **insured** by payment of the additional premium.



7. <u>Authorisation and notices</u>

The **parent company** will act on behalf of all **insureds** in connection with all matters relevant to this policy unless the **parent company** is insolvent in which event the remaining entities will agree with the **insurer** as to which one of them will act on behalf of all **insureds**.

Subject to the other provisions of this policy, this clause does not preclude an **insured person** from notifying the **insurer** of a **claim**, **insured event** or circumstance in accordance with the notification provision in this policy.

8. Third parties

Nothing in this policy is intended to confer a directly enforceable benefit on any third party other than an **insured**.

9. Assignment

Neither this policy nor any right under it may be assigned without the prior written consent of the **insurer**.

10. Policy interpretation

This policy, its schedule and any endorsements are one contract in which, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) headings and subheadings are descriptive only, solely for convenience, not an aid to interpretation and form no part of the terms and conditions of coverage;
- (b) the singular includes the plural, and the masculine includes the feminine, and vice versa;
- (c) "Including" and "include(s)" means without limitation;
- (d) references to specific legislation include amendments to and re-enactments of that legislation and any similar or equivalent legislation in the relevant jurisdiction;
- (e) references to positions, offices or titles will include their equivalents in any jurisdiction;
- (f) if any provision of this policy is or becomes void or illegal, is invalid or unenforceable by a court or other competent body under the law of any applicable jurisdiction, such provision will be deleted. The insurer and the insured will use their best efforts to agree a replacement for the provision which achieves as far as possible the same effect as would have been achieved by the deleted provision.



11. Governing law

This policy will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of Hong Kong.

12. Arbitration clause

All disputes and differences between the **insured** and the **insurer** which arise under or in connection with this policy will be referred to arbitration under Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre (HKIAC) Rules (Hong Kong).

The arbitration tribunal will consist of three arbitrators, one to be appointed by the **insured**, one to be appointed by the **insurer** and the third to be appointed by the two appointed arbitrators.

The third member of the tribunal will be appointed as soon as practicable (and no later than 28 days) after the appointment of the two party-appointed arbitrators. The tribunal will be constituted upon the appointment of the third arbitrator. The arbitrators will be persons (including those who have retired) with not less than ten years' experience of insurance or reinsurance within the industry or as lawyers or other professional advisers serving the industry.

Where the **insured** or the **insurer** fail to appoint an arbitrator within 14 days of being called upon to do so or where the two party-appointed arbitrators fail to appoint a third within 28 days of their appointment, then HKIAC will appoint an arbitrator to fill the vacancy. At any time prior to the appointment by HKIAC the party or arbitrators in default may make such appointment.

The tribunal may in its sole discretion make such orders and directions as it considers to be necessary for the final determination of the matters in dispute. The tribunal will have the widest discretion permitted under the laws of Hong Kong when making such orders or directions and the decision of the tribunal will be final. The arbitration will be held in Hong Kong.

13. Duty of fair presentation

The **insurer** expects the **insured** to comply with their duty of disclosure. In the event that there has been a breach of the duty of disclosure, the **insurer** will not exercise any available remedies for any breach that was free of any fraudulent conduct or intent to deceive.

The knowledge or act, error or omission of any **insured person** will not be imputed to any other **insured person**. The knowledge of each **responsible person** will be imputed to all **companies**.

14. <u>Insurer's consent</u>

Where the **insured** is required under this policy to seek the consent of the **insurer**, the **insurer** will not unreasonably withhold, delay or deny such consent.



15. Sanction limitation

The **insurer** will not be liable to provide any cover, benefit or pay any claim under this policy to the extent that the provision of such cover, benefit or payment of such claim would expose the **insurer** to any sanction, prohibition or restriction under United Nations resolutions or the trade or economic sanctions, laws or regulations of the European Union, United Kingdom, United States of America or Singapore.

16. <u>Complaints</u>

Every effort is made to ensure that a high standard of service is provided. However, if the **insured** is not satisfied with the service it has received or it has any questions or concerns about this policy the **insured** should, in the first instance, contact:

Beazley Complaints Beazley Pte. Limited 138 Market Street, #03-04, CapitaGreen, Singapore 048946

All correspondence should be addressed to Beazley Complaints

Or by telephone – (65) 6576 6288 Or by e-mail – <u>beazley.complaints@beazley.com</u>

In the event that the **insured** remains dissatisfied, the complaint can be escalated to the Lloyd's Complaint Department with the assistance of Lloyd's of London (Asia) Pte. Ltd. who can be contacted at:

Lloyd's of London (Asia) Pte Ltd 138 Market Street CapitaGreen #05–01 Singapore 048946

Or by telephone – (65) 6499 9330 Or by e-mail – <u>lloydsasiahelpdesk@lloyds.com</u>



F. DEFINITIONS

The following definitions are applicable to all sections of this policy:

audit costs means reasonable fees and expenses necessarily incurred for independent outside accountants or similar specialists to determine the amount and extent of the **crime loss** payable by the **insurer** under this policy.

authenticated communication means authenticated electronic or telephonic communication authorising, directing or acknowledging the transfer, payment, delivery or receipt of funds or **property**.

change of control means any one of the following events:

- (a) the **parent company** consolidates with or merges into or sells all or a majority of its assets to any other person or entity or group of persons and/or entities acting in concert;
- (b) any person or entity, whether individually or together with any other person or persons, entity or entities becomes entitled to exercise more than 50% of the rights to vote at general meetings of the parent company or control the appointment of directors who are able to exercise a majority of votes at meetings of the board of directors of the parent company;
- (c) the appointment of a receiver, liquidator, administrator, judicial manager or other person holding equivalent office in respect of a **company**, but only in relation to that **company**;
- (d) an entity ceases to be a **subsidiary** or **plan**, or becomes controlled by another entity by virtue of any law; or
- (e) a **fund** ceases to be managed by the **company**.

claim means:

- (a) a written demand for damages, compensation or non-monetary relief;
- (b) a civil proceeding for damages, compensation or non-monetary relief;
- (c) a demand for mediation, arbitration or other form of alternative dispute resolution for damages, compensation or non-monetary relief;
- (d) criminal proceeding;
- (e) in respect of an **insured person** only, an administrative or regulatory proceeding,

arising out of a wrongful act.

company means the parent company and any subsidiaries.



company wrongful act means any actual or alleged act, error, omission, misstatement, misleading statement, neglect or breach of duty by the **company** in connection with the purchase or sale of, or offer to purchase or sell debt or equity securities of the **company**, whether such purchase, sale or offer involves a transaction with the **company** or occurs in the open market.

counterfeit means the imitation of any instrument which, because of the quality of the imitation, the **insured** or a **financial organisation** believes is the authentic original instrument.

crime loss means:

- (a) direct financial loss sustained by the **insured**;
- (b) in respect of Coverage Extension B.8(a)(i) its legal liability to customers or third parties; and
- (c) data security breach costs, software removal or reconstitution costs, legal costs and audit costs to the extent afforded by Coverage Extension B.8(b).

crime loss does not include **employee benefits** except those paid to an **employee** for a specific transaction in respect of which that **employee** committed a dishonest, fraudulent or malicious act.

data security breach costs means the reasonable costs of:

- (a) hiring security experts, forensic investigators or similar experts to determine the existence and cause of an unauthorised appropriation and/or disclosure of personal or confidential information;
- (b) notifying natural person customers of the **insured** who have been affected by an unauthorised appropriation and/or disclosure of personal or confidential information;
- (c) hiring external lawyers to determine the mandatory actions required by any regulator;
- (d) credit monitoring services (to the extent required by applicable data protection laws) in respect of natural persons affected by an unauthorised appropriation and/or disclosure of personal or confidential information; and
- (e) establishing, publicising and running call centre services,

which directly arises out of a legal obligation on the **insured** to comply with applicable data protection laws to notify natural persons of an unauthorised appropriation and/or disclosure of their personal or confidential information, held on file by the **insured** in either physical or electronic form, provided that it was the practice and procedure of the **insured** to install available software updates and releases and apply security-related software patches.

data security breach costs does not mean costs that are incurred more than 90 days after discovery of the unauthorised appropriation and/or disclosure of personal or confidential information or any employee benefits.



defence costs means the reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by or on behalf of the **insured** in connection with the investigation, defence, settlement or appeal of a **claim**.

defence costs includes:

- (a) the reasonable fees, costs and expenses of an accredited expert retained through defence counsel approved by the insurer on behalf of the insured in order to prepare an evaluation, report, assessment, diagnosis or rebuttal of evidence in connection with the defence of a covered claim; and
- (b) up to HKD5,000 per day for each day on which the insured person has been required to and has attended court as a witness in connection with a claim notified under and covered by this policy. No retention will apply.

deportation or freezing order means an interim or interlocutory order first issued during the **policy period**:

- (a) confiscating, controlling, suspending or freezing rights of ownership of real property or personal assets of a **director or officer**; or
- (b) imposing a charge over real property or personal assets of a **director or officer**; or
- (c) imposing a restriction of a **director or officer's** liberty; or
- (d) for the deportation of a **director or officer** following revocation of an otherwise proper, current and valid immigration status for any reason other than the **director or officer's** finally adjudicated conviction for a crime.

director or officer means:

- (a) any past, present or future director, officer, shadow director, partner, general partner, managing general partner, trustee of the **company** or **fund**;
- (b) any **outside director**; or
- (c) any past, present or future employee of the **company** or **fund**: (i) whilst acting in a managerial or supervisory capacity; (ii) when named as a co-defendant in a **claim** or **insured event** against a director, officer of the **company** or **fund**; or (iii) with respect to a **claim** alleging a **employment practices wrongful act**,

but only when and to the extent acting for and on behalf of the **company** or **fund** in such capacity.

discovered or **discovery** means the time at which a **responsible person** becomes aware of facts which would cause a reasonable person to believe that a **crime loss** of the kind covered by this policy has been or will be incurred, even though the exact amount or details of that **crime loss** may not be known at that time. **Discovery** will constitute discovery by every **insured**.



discovery period means the period of time following the end of the **policy period** during which notice may be given to the **insurer** of:

- (a) any claim arising out of any wrongful act committed before the end of the policy period; or
- (b) any **insured event** arising out of any conduct undertaken before the end of the **policy period**; or
- (c) any **crime loss** sustained prior the end of the **policy period.**

dishonest act of an employee means a dishonest, fraudulent or malicious act of any employee, committed alone or in collusion with others. However, in respect of crime loss resulting from loans or trading, dishonest act of an employee only means dishonest, fraudulent or malicious acts of any employee committed with the intent to obtain an improper financial gain for themselves or for any other person or organisation in dishonest, fraudulent or malicious collusion with the employee. The term 'improper financial gain' does not include employee benefits.

disqualification order means an order first issued during the **policy period** disqualifying a **director or officer** from holding office as a company director or officer.

document means any physical or electronic document.

documentary fraud means:

- (a) the **insured** or any **financial organisation** acting on behalf of the **insured**, having acted or relied upon any **security**, **instruction** or currency which has been **forged** or **fraudulently altered**, is **counterfeit** or has been lost or stolen; or
- (b) the **insured** having acted or relied upon any authenticated **instruction** made by **fraudulent impersonation**,

and which is at the time of the act or reliance, in the physical possession of the **insured**, or a **financial organisation** acting on behalf of the **insured**.

electronic media means the media on which electronic data is stored in a form readily usable in a computer system.

electronic or telephonic fraud means:

- (a) the **insured**, or a **financial organisation** acting on behalf of the **insured**, having acted or relied upon:
 - (i) electronic data, computer programs or **authenticated communication** that is **impaired**; or
 - (ii) **authenticated communication** which dishonestly, fraudulently, or maliciously purports to be, but is not, from a customer of the **insured**, another office or department of the **insured**, a **financial organisation** or **vendor**.



- (b) any **financial organisation** or customer of the **insured** having acted or relied upon any **authenticated communication** which dishonestly, fraudulently or maliciously purports to be, but is not, from the **insured**, or any **financial organisation** acting on its behalf; or
- (c) the dishonest, fraudulent, or malicious introduction or activation of any malicious code.

employee means any:

- (a) natural person:
 - (i) under a contract of employment with; or
 - (ii) working under the control and supervision of, the **insured**;
- (b) director or officer of the insured when performing acts coming within the scope of the usual duties of an employee of the insured or while acting as a member of a committee duly elected or appointed by resolution of the board of directors of the insured to perform specific acts, as distinguished from general directorial acts, on behalf of the insured;
- (c) trustee, fiduciary, administrator, or officer of any **plan**;
- ex-employee, for a period not exceeding 60 days following the termination of their employment with the **insured**, other than when that termination is a result of a dishonest, fraudulent or malicious act;
- (e) solicitor, other than a sole practitioner, retained by the **insured** whilst providing legal services exclusively for the **insured**; or
- (f) company or person authorised by a written contract with the **insured** to perform accounting, data processing of the cheques, payroll or computing services outsourced by the **insured**,

whether or not the **insured** is able to identify that person by name, provided that the **insured** proves beyond reasonable doubt that the **crime loss** was due to the act of that person.

The term **employee** does not mean any independent broker, independent financial advisor, or any similar agent or independent representative remunerated on a sales or commission basis.

employee benefits means salaries, fees, commissions, bonuses and similar employee benefits (including business entertainment whether or not constituting bribery or gratification under the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap 201) (Hong Kong)) earned in the normal course of employment.

employment practices wrongful act means any employment related actual or alleged tortious act or omission, breach of statutory provision or breach of common law relating to an employee.



extortion means the **insured** having delivered, transferred or caused to have transferred funds or property as a result of a threat:

- (a) to do damage to the premises or **property** of the **insured**;
- (b) to sell or disclose confidential security codes, computer programs or electronic data to another person or party;
- (c) to destroy, corrupt, alter or divulge computer programs or electronic data which are stored within a computer system by causing electronic data or computer programs to be **impaired**; or
- (d) to deny access to a computer or communications or payments system,

provided that, prior to or immediately after the delivery or transfer of funds or property, the person receiving the threat has made a reasonable effort to report the extortionist's demand to a director or officer of the **insured** and to the police or local law enforcement authorities and, in respect of (c) and (d) only, believed that the threat was credible and technologically feasible at the time made.

extradition costs means the reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by a **director or officer** in connection with an **extradition proceeding**.

extradition proceeding means any proceeding against a **director or officer** first commenced during the **policy period** to remove that **director or officer** to another territory against their will, and includes any appeal to such proceeding.

financial organisation means:

- (a) any bank, credit institution, financial institution, undertaking for collective investment in **securities**, investment firm or similar entity;
- (b) any entity or organisation with which the insured has a written or electronic agreement for the provision of purchasing services, safekeeping, registration and entitlement records for the insured in connection with securities, or any regulated central securities depository or international central securities depository, or any regulated sub-custodian which that entity, organisation or depository has entered into a written or electronic agreement for the provision of those services; or
- (c) any regulated stock exchange, commodities, mercantile, futures or derivatives exchange, or clearing house, or any other regulated trading facility, trading system or network providing services or functionality of a similar nature.

forged means bearing a forged signature of a genuine person without the authority of that person and with the intent to deceive. A mechanically or electronically reproduced signature will be treated the same as a handwritten signature. **Forged** does not include the signing of one's own name, in whole or in part, in any capacity.

fraudulently altered means materially altered for a fraudulent purpose by any person other than the person who was authorised to prepare or sign the document.



fraudulent impersonation means the intentional and fraudulent deceiving of an **employee** by any natural person purporting to be another natural person.

freezing of assets and disqualification costs means reasonable legal or professional fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by a **director or officer** to bring legal proceedings to obtain the discharge or revocation of a **disqualification order** or **deportation or freezing order**.

fund means:

- (a) any fund, investment vehicle, managed investment scheme, trust, collective investment scheme, special purpose vehicle established in order to facilitate an investment, or any other entity that is similar in structure or purpose, which is managed by the **company**;
- (b) any entity described in (a) above which is created or newly managed by the **company** during the **policy period** provided that at the time of creation or management the fund is not established or regulated in the United States of America.

health and safety claim means any claim first made against a director or officer during the policy period alleging a breach of health and safety legislation or any legislation relating to involuntary manslaughter or corporate manslaughter.

health and safety claim costs means the defence costs of a director or officer incurred in respect of a health and safety claim.

impaired means dishonestly, fraudulently or maliciously input, modified, corrupted or deleted, and additionally in relation to computer programs and **authenticated communications**, dishonestly, fraudulently or maliciously created, prepared or altered.

instruction means written or printed instruction or advice directed to the **insured** authorising, directing or acknowledging the transfer, payment, delivery or receipt of funds or **valuable property**.

insured means the company, the fund and:

- (a) insured persons for the purposes of Insuring Clauses 1, 2 and 3; and
- (b) any **plan** for the purposes of Insuring Clause 4.

insured event means: a deportation or freezing order; a disqualification order; an extradition proceeding; an internal investigation; a key person event; a regulatory event and a reputational damage event.

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insured person means any natural person who was, is, or during the **policy period** becomes:

- (a) employed by the **company**;
- (b) a director or officer

insured person includes the estate, heirs, legal representatives or assigns of an **insured person** in the event of their death, incapacity or bankruptcy or the lawful spouse of an **insured person** solely in their capacity as such.

insured person does not mean any independent broker, adviser or any similar agent or any independent representative remunerated on a sales or commission basis.

insured person does not include any court appointed receiver, liquidator, administrator, judicial manager or other person holding equivalent office.

insurer means Beazley Syndicates 2623/623 at Lloyd's.

internal investigation means a request by or on behalf of the **company** during the **policy period** for an **insured person** to appear for an interview or meeting or to provide a sworn testimony or to produce documents in connection with an investigation by the **company** following a notification to a **regulatory authority** by a **company** or an **insured person** or whistleblower informing them of an actual or suspected material breach of an **insured person's** fiduciary or regulatory duties. An **internal investigation** does not include routine regulatory or internal supervision, inspection, review, examination or audit, or any request for mandatory information in respect of a regulated entity conducted in a **company's** or **regulatory authority's** normal review or compliance process.

internal investigation costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by an **insured person** for legal representation in connection with an **internal investigation**.

key person means a member of the board of directors of the **parent company** and members of the executive committee which is directly delegated powers by the board of directors of the **parent company** for the day to day running and operation of the business.

key person costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by the **company** or the **fund** to engage temporary replacement cover or to recruit for a permanent replacement for a **key person** as a result of a **key person event** for a maximum period of 90 days from the date the **key person event** occurred. **Key person costs** do not include the salary of the permanent replacement of the **key person**.

key person event means a the death of a **key person** or a **key person** suffering from an injury or illness which entirely prevents that **key person** from attending to any business on behalf of the **company** or **fund.**

legal costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred in the defence, settlement or appeal of any demand, claim, suit or legal proceeding which the **insured** establishes results directly from the **crime loss** payable by the **insurer** under this policy.



legal liability for incomplete transactions means the **insured's** legal liability to third parties caused by the **insured's** failure or inability to complete transactions that are entered into in the course of the **insured's** business pursuant to the rules of any regulated stock exchange due to a direct financial loss sustained by the insured that is covered under this policy.

limit of liability means the amount specified in the Schedule.

loan means:

- (a) all extensions of credit by the **insured** and/or all transactions creating a creditor or lessor relationship in favour of the **insured**; or
- (b) any note, account, agreement or other evidence of debt assigned to, or discounted or acquired by, the **insured** including the purchase, discounting or acquisition of false or genuine accounts or invoices.

loss means crime loss and professional loss.

loss of subscription rights means the loss of subscription, redemption, conversion or deposit privileges through the misplacement, loss or damage to any **security**, or electronic data representing a **security**.

malicious code means computer or software code which causes:

- damage to or loss, destruction or modification of electronic data contained within any electronic media, or any computer or communications or payments system of the insured, or any financial organisation acting on its behalf; or
- (b) damage to or destruction of **electronic media**, or any computer or communications or payments system of the **insured**.

management control means:

- (a) controls the composition of the board of directors;
- (b) controls more than half of the shareholder voting power; or
- (c) holds more than half of the issued share capital.

mitigation costs means any reasonable payments incurred by the insured during the policy period in taking action to mitigate the financial consequences of a wrongful act which the insured establishes to the insurer's satisfaction would otherwise have reasonably been expected to give rise to a claim for which the resulting professional loss would have been covered by Insuring Clause 1 of the policy. Mitigation costs do not include payments incurred after such claim is made.

mitigation costs does not include payments incurred without the **insured** first obtaining the **insurer's** consent, unless it was not reasonably practicable to obtain consent due to a time critical event and **insurer's** were otherwise notified in writing within 14 days of such payment being incurred.



office contents means the furnishings, fixtures, equipment, tangible computer related equipment, alarms, stationery, supplies, safes, or vaults and the personal property of **employees** or customers, within the **insured's** premises.

outside director means any natural person who, at the specific request of the **company**, is serving as a director, officer, shadow director, trustee (other than a pension trustee), regent or governor of an **outside entity.**

outside entity means any entity other than:

- (a) a **company**; or.
- (b) an entity with securities issued or traded within the United States of America.

In the event that the **company** requests that a natural person serve as a director, officer, shadow director, trustee, regent or governor of such an entity in (b) above, then this definition will be extended for a period of 60 days from the commencement of such position to include the entity, during which time the **parent company** will give the **insurer** sufficient information to allow the **insurer** to assess the potential increase in insurance risk. Upon receipt of that information, the **insurer** may agree to extend this definition to include such entity, subject to the **insured** accepting any amendment to the terms and conditions of this policy or the charging of a reasonable additional premium that the **insurer** requires.

parent company means the entity named in the Schedule.

personally identifiable customer information means any physical or electronic document or information concerning any past, present or prospective customer or investor of the **insured**.

personally liable corporate tax amounts means those amounts of unpaid corporate taxes that an **insured person** is found to be personally liable to pay following the appointment of a receiver, liquidator, administrator, judicial manager or other person holding equivalent office to a **company** or **fund**.

physical loss of or damage to property means the physical loss of, damage to or destruction of **property**:

- (a) anywhere by any means (other than as described in (b) and (c) below);
- (b) whilst in the physical possession of any customer of the **insured**, or representative of such customer, whilst on the **insured's** premises;
- (c) due to the **insured** being deceived as to the identity of any natural person but only if the **insured** was deceived while the natural person was physically present at the **insured's** premises.

physical damage to or destruction of premises means damage to or destruction of the premises of the **insured** and the **office contents** of such premises, provided that the destruction or damage is caused by any actual or attempted burglary, robbery, hold-up, theft or larceny, vandalism or malicious mischief at those premises, and that the destruction or damage is not caused by fire.



physical records means the books of account and records of the **parent company**, **subsidiaries** and **plans**.

plan means:

- any pension, welfare benefit, share saver or share option or other plan maintained by the
 insured for the benefit of the past, present and/or future employees or their respective
 beneficiaries; or
- (b) any charitable trust, fund or foundation with a social or cultural objective which was founded and is currently supported directly by the **parent company** or indirectly through a **subsidiary**.

policy costs means defence costs, extradition costs, freezing of assets and disqualification costs, health and safety claim costs, internal investigation costs, key person costs, mitigation costs, regulatory costs and reputation costs.

policy costs will not include the remuneration of any **insured person**, the cost of their time or costs or overheads of the **company** or **fund**.

policy period means the period specified in the Schedule.

professional loss means:

- (a) policy costs;
- (b) any amount that the **insured** is legally liable to pay as damages, judgments, settlements, pre and post judgment interest, punitive or exemplary damages, and the multiplied portion of any damage award where insurable by law.

professional loss does not include:

- (1) fines and penalties, except:
 - (i) civil fines and penalties awarded against an **insured person**; or
 - (ii) punitive or exemplary damages;
- (2) employment-related compensation, wages or benefits, or costs or overheads of the **company**;
- (3) taxes, except personally liable corporate tax amounts;
- (4) fees, commissions or other compensation for any **professional services** rendered or required to be rendered by the **insured**; or
- (5) amounts which are uninsurable.



The **insurer** will not assert that:

- (a) allegations of violations of Section 11, 12 or 15 of the Securities Act 1933 (U.S.A.), Section 90 of Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (U.K.), Section 254 of the Securities and Futures Act (Cap 289) (Singapore) or Section 40 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap 32) (Hong Kong); or
- (b) **defence costs** incurred by any **insured person** in a **claim** under Section 304 Sarbanes-Oxley Act 2002 (U.S.A.), or Section 954 The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (U.S.A.);

constitute uninsurable professional loss.

If the applicable law of the jurisdiction in which fines or penalties or damages were awarded permits more favourable insurability of such fines, penalties or damages than the governing law of this policy, then the insurability of such fines, penalties or damages will be determined in accordance with that relevant jurisdiction and, to this extent, will not be considered to be uninsurable loss under this policy.

professional services means services performed by or on behalf of the **company**, or **fund** and any related services, administrative and back office functions, pursuant to an agreement with a third party.

professional services do not include the **insured** acting as a trustee, fiduciary or administrator of the **company's** own pension, profit-sharing or employee benefits programme.

property means valuable property, electronic media or physical records.

regulatory authority means any regulator, government, government body, judicial or parliamentary body, governmental or administrative agency, any self-regulatory body recognised in that capacity under applicable law or official trade body.

regulatory costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by an **insured** directly in connection with preparing for, cooperating with or attending interviews in respect of or responding to a **regulatory event** first commenced during the **policy period**.

regulatory costs incurred by a **company** or **fund** will be sub-limited to the amount specified in the **limit of liability. Regulatory costs** do not include amounts incurred by the **company** or **fund** in relation to a **regulatory event** conducted by a **regulatory authority** domiciled in the United States of America.

regulatory event means:

(a) an informal request by a **regulatory authority** for an **insured person** to voluntarily attend an interview, meeting or provide information;



- (b) any formal or official hearing, examination or investigation by a **regulatory authority**, once the **insured**:
 - (i) is requested or required to cooperate with or attend; or
 - (ii) is identified in writing by that **regulatory authority** as a target of;

the formal or official hearing, examination or investigation. Where the **regulatory authority** is the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) (U.S.A.), this extension will only apply where the **insured person** has been served with a subpoena or Wells Notice.

- (c) a raid or on-site visit to the **company** by any **regulatory authority** that involves the production, review, copying or confiscation of files or interviews of any **insured persons**;
- (d) a public announcement relating to (a) to (c) above.

A **regulatory event** does not include routine regulatory supervision, inspection or compliance reviews, or any investigation which focuses on an industry rather than an **insured**.

reputation costs means the reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by the **insured person**:

- (a) in appointing a public relations firm or consultant, a crisis management firm, a law firm or tax advisor retained by the **insured person** directly to mitigate the adverse or potentially adverse effect on that **insured person's** reputation due to a **reputational damage event**;
- (b) in appointing a law firm to effect an **insured person's** right to be forgotten or right to erasure following a **reputational damage event**.

reputational damage event means:

- (a) a **claim** first made against an **insured person** during the **policy period**;
- (b) negative publicity posted on internet-based social media platforms or websites of which the **insured person** first becomes aware during the **policy period** and which could in their reasonable opinion, give rise to a **claim.**

responsible person means the Risk Manager, Insurance Manager, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Compliance Officer, Head of Audit or General Counsel of the **parent company.**

retention means the applicable amount specified in the Schedule.



retired insured person means any **insured person** who has ceased to act in their insured capacity prior to expiry of the **policy period** for reasons other than:

- (a) disqualification from holding office or from managing a company;
- (b) a **change of control**; or
- (c) the insolvency of any **company**;

and does not subsequently resume their position.

security means stocks, shares, scrip, transfers, certificates, bonds, coupons, and all other types of securities (including securities held in book entry form or as a statement of uncertificated security), cheques, bills of exchange, drafts, certificates of deposit, promissory notes, letters of credit, warrants, title deeds, deeds of trust, bearer instruments, withdrawal orders, receipts for the withdrawal of funds, money orders, orders upon public treasuries, instruments of value (serving the same purpose) and any other documents of negotiable nature, original (and original counterpart) written agreements with a value transferable on delivery with any necessary assignment or endorsement, original corporate, partnership or personal guarantees.

single event means all **claims**, **crime losses** and **insured events** arising out of, based upon or attributable to the same originating cause, source or event.

software removal or reconstitution costs means reasonable fees and expenses necessarily incurred for the verification, reconstitution or removal of electronic data or computer programs, or removal of computer or software codes.

subsidiary means any entity in which the **parent company** either directly or indirectly through one or more entities obtains **management control** on or before the inception date of this policy.

subsidiary will include:

- (a) any new entity which the **company** incorporates during the **policy period** and which, at the time of incorporation, the **company** has **management control**;
- (b) any entity, that the **company** acquires **management control** of during the **policy period** provided that at the time of obtaining that **management control**, the acquired entity is not incorporated or domiciled in the United States of America.

If a newly acquired entity is incorporated or domiciled in the United States of America, the **insurer** will provide cover under this policy for 60 days from the date of acquisition, during which time the **parent company** will give the **insurer** sufficient information to allow the **insurer** to assess the potential increase in insurance risk. The **insurer** may agree to extend the definition of **subsidiary** to include the newly acquired entity, subject to the **parent company** accepting any amendment to the terms and conditions of this policy or the charging of a reasonable additional premium that the **insurer** requires.

subsidiary does not include any fund, investment vehicle, managed investment scheme or trust.



trading means the purchase, sale or other dealings in:

- (a) **securities** (including over-the-counter **securities**), commodities, futures, options, derivatives, funds, currencies, foreign exchange and similar instruments; or
- (b) any other instruments traded through any regulated stock exchange, commodities or mercantile exchange, futures or derivatives exchange, or clearing house, or any other regulated trading facility, trading system or network providing services or functionality of a similar nature.

uncovered company means any company:

- (a) which is located in a jurisdiction where the applicable law or regulation does not allow the **insurer** to provide cover to that **company**; or
- (b) which the **parent company** has elected that the policy will not cover directly but, instead, the policy will cover the **parent company's** own financial interest in such **company**.

valuable property means the following items, but only to the extent that they are in physical form:

- (a) cash, bullion, precious metals of all kinds and in whatever form, jewellery, gems, precious and semi-precious stones, stamps, postal orders, insurance policies;
- (b) any **security** represented by an instrument issued in bearer or registered form; or
- (c) all other negotiable and non-negotiable instruments or contracts representing money or other property or interests therein and other valuable papers,

in which the **insured** has an interest or which are held by the **insured**.

vendor means any entity or individual which has a written or electronic agreement with the **insured** for the provision of products or services by such entity or individual to the **insured**.

wrongful act means for the purposes of Insuring Clause 1 any:

- (a) actual or alleged act, error or omission; or
- (b) loss of documents; or
- (c) loss of personally identifiable customer information,

in the performance of or failure to perform **professional services** by any **insured** or by any other person for whom the **insured** is legally liable.

In respect of Insuring Clauses 2(a), 2(b) and 3, wrongful act means any act, error, omission, misstatement, misleading statement, neglect, employment practices wrongful act, breach of duty actually or allegedly committed, attempted or proposed to be committed by any director or officer. In respect of Insuring Clause 2(c) wrongful act will only mean a company wrongful act.