Beazley | Financial Institutions and Breach Response Services
Beazley Claims Service

The insurer will assign a Claims Manager and provide their e-mail address, direct dial telephone number and mobile phone number.

The Claims Manager will endeavour to respond to phone calls within one business day and if the assigned Claims Manager is unable to respond for whatever reason, another Claims representative will contact you.

The Claims Manager, and where applicable the insurer’s external advisors, will respond in a prompt, professional and transparent manner and will provide straight answers and deliver on commitments.

Claims Managers will be available for meetings to candidly discuss any coverage or claims issues, and will keep an open mind and give any alternative opinions due consideration. Claims Managers work closely with the underwriting teams to ensure that the policy intent is respected.

In the event of the actual or suspected data breach incident, the insurer’s dedicated Breach Response Services team will be available to help respond to a data breach incident.

A BBR Services team member will respond promptly to notice of a data breach incident and will assist with any needed breach investigation and response services available under the policy. The BBR Services team will collaborate with the insured throughout the investigation and response process, will provide guidance and arrange breach investigation and response services provided by the insurer’s network of expert service providers.
Schedule

Policy Number:

Parent company: Name:
Address:

Policy period: From:
To:

Limits of Liability: Insuring Clauses
(1) Civil liability and (2) Crime and (3)(b) First party data loss
GBP in the aggregate during the policy period
and separately
(3)(a) Breach response services notified individuals in the aggregate during the policy period
GBP in the aggregate during the policy period for all computer expert services, legal services and public relations and crisis management expenses

Coverage for all privacy breach response services is separate from and in addition to the limit of liability for all other Insuring Clauses and Coverage Extensions

Coverage Extensions
The following sub-limits will apply in the aggregate during the policy period as follows:

GBP 50,000 in respect of preventative measure demonstration costs which is part of the limit of liability applicable to Insuring Clause A.1

GBP 100,000 in respect of media purchasing and printing costs which is part of the limit of liability applicable to Insuring Clause A.1

GBP Coverage Extension B.1 in respect of data protection penalties only which is part of the limit of liability applicable to Insuring Clause A.1

GBP Coverage Extension B.4 in respect of PCI fines, expenses and costs which is part of the limit of liability applicable to Insuring Clause A.1
Retention:  
*Civil liability and crime*
GBP each and every claim, insured event or crime loss

*Breach response services threshold and retention*
notification services, call centre services, breach resolution and mitigation services
for each incident involving at least: notified individuals

computer expert services, legal services and public relations and crisis management expenses GBP

*First party data loss*
GBP each incident applicable to data loss costs

Discovery Period: 365 days
Additional Premium payable of 100% of the annual premium plus applicable taxes

Premium: GBP (annual) plus applicable taxes
THIS POLICY SETS OUT THE TERMS UPON WHICH THE INSURER AGREES TO INSURE THE INSURED IN CONSIDERATION OF THE PAYMENT OF, OR AGREEMENT TO PAY, THE PREMIUM. THE INSURING CLAUSES AND COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ARE SUBJECT TO ALL TERMS, CONDITIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS OF THIS POLICY.

A. Insuring Clauses

1. **Civil liability**

   The insurer will pay on behalf of the insured:
   
   (a) any professional loss resulting from a professional claim first made against the insured during the policy period;
   
   (b) any civil cyber loss resulting from a cyber claim first made against the insured during the policy period;
   
   (c) any website media loss arising from a website media claim first made against the insured during the policy period.

2. **Crime**

   The insurer will reimburse the insured for crime loss which is first discovered during the policy period and which results directly from:
   
   (a) the dishonest act of an employee;
   
   (b) a documentary fraud;
   
   (c) an electronic or telephonic fraud;
   
   (d) physical loss of or damage to property or physical damage to or destruction of premises;
   
   (e) extortion.

3. **First party cyber**

   (a) **Privacy breach response services**

   The insurer will provide privacy breach response services to the insured arising from an information security incident or privacy incident which is first discovered during the policy period.

   (b) **First party data loss**

   The insurer will pay on behalf of the insured any data loss costs incurred by the insured as a direct result of a data loss which is first discovered during the policy period and directly caused by a failure of computer security to prevent a security breach.
B. Coverage Extensions

CIVIL LIABILITY COVERAGE EXTENSIONS

1. Regulatory extension

The insurer will pay regulatory costs and data protection penalties of an insured.

2. Mitigation extension

The insurer will pay mitigation costs of an insured.

CRIME COVERAGE EXTENSIONS

3. Crime extensions

The insurer will reimburse or pay on behalf of the insured for:

(a) crime loss which is first discovered during the policy period resulting directly from:

(i) the insured having a legal liability for incomplete transactions;
(ii) a stop payment order liability;
(iii) physical loss of or damage to cancelled cheques, cancelled drafts or cancelled credit card receipts;
(iv) a theft via erroneous transfer;
(v) a loss of subscription rights;
(vi) the insured’s liability for interest that would have accrued to a customer of the insured but did not as a direct result of a crime loss covered under this policy.

(b) crime defence costs, software removal or reconstitution costs and audit costs necessarily incurred by the insured with the insurer's prior written consent, following and in connection with a direct financial loss sustained by the insured and payable by the insurer under this policy.

(c) corporate identity fraud costs necessarily incurred by the insured with the insurer's prior written consent.

FIRST PARTY CYBER COVERAGE EXTENSIONS

4. PCI extension

The insurer will indemnify the insured for PCI fines, expenses and costs, which the insured shall become legally obligated to pay because of a cyber claim.
C. Coverage Restrictions

The insurer will not be liable to make any payment under this policy for that part of any cyber loss, professional loss and website media loss:

1. Bodily injury or property damage

resulting from any actual or alleged bodily injury, sickness, disease or death of any person, or damage to, destruction, impairment; or loss of use of any tangible property

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to:

(a) emotional distress, defamation, libel, slander or injurious falsehood committed by the insured or by any person for whose acts the insured is legally responsible;

(b) loss, damage or destruction of physical or electronic documents.

2. Contractual liability

arising out of, based upon or attributable to any contractual penalty, acceptance by the insured of liability for any liquidated damages, or guarantee or warranty provided by the insured.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to:

(a) the insured’s failure to perform its duties with reasonable skill and care, provided that the insurer’s liability will be limited to such sums as the insured would have had to pay in the absence of such contractual penalty, liquidated damages or guarantee or warranty; or

(b) any liability assumed by any insured which is a requirement of, or a condition contained within the membership rules, regulations or user agreements of:

(i) any regulated payment systems company, regulated exchange, clearing house or any other regulated trading facility, system or network providing services or functionality of a similar nature;
(ii) any party with which the insured has a written or electronic agreement for the provision of registration and entitlement records for the insured in connection with securities.

(c) website media loss which results from a:

(i) liability assumed under contract; or
(ii) misappropriation of ideas under an implied contract.

(d) a privacy incident, where there is an obligation to maintain the confidentiality or security of personal data or of third party data other than any obligation under a merchant services agreement;

(e) computer expert services or legal services covered under Insuring Clause A.3(a) (privacy breach response services);

(f) PCI fines, expenses and costs covered under Coverage Extension B.4.
3. **Dishonesty**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to the gaining of profit or advantage to which the insured was not legally entitled or any dishonest or fraudulent act or omission or intentional breach of any laws or regulations by the insured.

This Coverage Restriction will only apply in the event that any of the above is established by final non-appealable adjudication of a regulatory authority, a judicial or arbitral tribunal or formal admission by the insured.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to any actual or alleged vicarious liability of the company which arises from the dishonest or fraudulent acts or omissions or intentional breach of any laws or regulations by an insured person.

4. **Duties to employees**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, any breach of any obligation or duty owed or purportedly owed by the company as a current, former or prospective employer.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to:

(a) a cyber claim for an information security incident, privacy incident or breach notice incident by an employee of the company; or

(b) privacy breach response services involving employees of the company.

5. **Infrastructure**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to any failure or malfunction of electrical or telecommunications infrastructure or services which are outside the control of the insured.

6. **Insured v insured**

arising out of any claim brought by or on behalf of any insured, or successor of any insured.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to:

(a) any claim brought by or on behalf of the insured person as a customer or client of the company or which emanates from an independent third party; or

(b) a cyber claim arising from a privacy incident, information security incident or breach notice incident under Civil Liability Insuring Clause A.1(b) made by an insured person.
7. **Intellectual property**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to the:

(a) breach of any intellectual property right or misappropriation of a trade secret; or

(b) use or misappropriation of any ideas, trade secrets or **third party data**

   (i) by, or on behalf of the **insured**, or (ii) by any other person or entity if such use or misappropriation is done with the knowledge or consent of a **responsible person**.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to infringement of copyright resulting from a theft or **unauthorised access or use** of software code by a person who is not an **insured** or natural person independent contractor of the **company**.

8. **Lender's liability**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to any loan, lease or extension of credit by or on behalf of the **insured** or any collection, foreclosure or repossession in connection with a loan, lease or extension of credit.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to a **professional claim** arising out of a **wrongful act** in the administration of any loan, lease or extension of credit.

9. **RICO**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to any actual or alleged violation by the **insured**, or by any person for whose acts the **insured** is legally responsible, of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organisations Act 18 USC, Sections 1961-1968 (U.S.A.).

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to any allegation of a breach of the Bribery Act 2010 (U.K.).

10. **Prior claims and circumstances**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to any **claim**, **regulatory event**, fact, circumstance, **information security incident**, **privacy incident**, **breach notice incident**, **privacy policy breach**, **security breach**, **website media act** or **wrongful act** of which notice has been given under any policy in relation to which this policy is a renewal or replacement or of which any **responsible person** had knowledge prior to the inception of this policy or any matter which taken together with such **claim**, **regulatory event**, fact, circumstance, **information security incident**, **privacy incident**, **breach notice incident**, **privacy policy breach**, **security breach**, **website media act** or **wrongful act** would constitute a **single event**.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to facts or circumstances which have been notified to the **insurer** under any earlier policy but were not accepted by the **insurer** as a valid notification, and where cover has been maintained continuously with the **insurer** from the inception date of that earlier policy until the inception date of this policy.
11. **Product descriptions, pricing, contests**

resulting from a website media claim arising out of, based upon or attributable:

(a) the actual or alleged inaccurate, inadequate or incomplete description of the price of goods, products or services;

(b) cost guarantees, cost representations, or contract price estimates;

(c) the authenticity of any goods, products or services, or the failure of any goods or services to conform with any represented quality or performance;

(d) any actual or alleged gambling, contest, lottery, promotional game or other game of chance.

12. **Recall and replacement**

which is costs or expenses incurred for the reprinting, reposting, recall, removal or disposal of any media material or any other information, content or media, including any media or products containing such media material, information, content or media, resulting from a website media claim.

13. **Related entities**

arising out of any cyber claim brought by any business enterprise in which any insured has greater than a 15% ownership interest or made by any parent company or other entity which owns more than 15% of the company.

14. **Shareholder, bondholder or creditor**

arising out of any claim which is brought by, in the right of or on behalf of any shareholder or bondholder of the company in its capacity as a shareholder or bondholder, or creditor in the event of the insolvency, receivership, bankruptcy or liquidation of the company.
15. **Trading losses and monetary transactions**

resulting from an *information security incident, privacy incident, data loss, website media claim or cyber claim* arising out of, based upon or attributable to any of the following:

(a) trading losses, trading liabilities or change in value of accounts;

(b) any loss, transfer or theft of monies, securities or tangible property of others in the care, custody or control of the *company*;

(c) the monetary value of any transactions or electronic fund transfers by or on behalf of the *insured* which is lost, diminished, or damaged during transfer from, into or between accounts; or

(d) the value of coupons, price discounts, prizes, awards, or any other valuable consideration given in excess of the total contracted or expected amount.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to a *professional claim*.

For the purpose of determining the applicability of these Coverage Restrictions, the knowledge or act, error or omission of any *insured person* will not be imputed to any other *insured person*. The knowledge of each *responsible person* will be imputed to all *companies*.

**APPLICABLE TO FIRST PARTY CYBER INSURING CLAUSES AND COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ONLY**

The *insurer* will not be liable to make any payment under this policy for any *cyber loss*:

16. **Prior discovery of a security breach**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to any *data loss, information security incident, privacy incident, breach notice incident* or *privacy policy breach* which was *discovered* prior to the inception date of this policy.

17. **War**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, war, invasion, act of foreign enemy, hostile operations (whether war has been declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, riot or civil commotion amounting to a popular uprising, military or usurped power or martial law.
APPLICABLE TO CRIME INSURING CLAUSE AND COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ONLY

The insurer will not be liable to make any payment under this policy for that part of any crime loss:

18. **Bills of lading and similar documents**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, from any items which are or purport to be bills of lading, shipping documents, warehouse receipts, trust receipts, accounts receivable, or any other bill, document or receipt similar in nature or effect or serving a similar purpose, travellers' cheques or travellers' letters of credit.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to Insuring Clause A.2(a) (dishonest act of an employee) or A.2(d) (physical loss of or damage to property or physical damage to or destruction of premises).

19. **Directors and partners dishonesty**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, in whole or in part, any dishonest, fraudulent, malicious or criminal act of any director or partner of the insured, except to the extent that such director or partner is deemed to be an employee.

20. **Dishonest act of an employee**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, any dishonest, fraudulent, malicious or criminal act of any employee.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to Insuring Clause A.2(a) (dishonest act of an employee) or Coverage Extensions B.3(b) or B.3(c).

21. **Existence, valuation or performance of assets**

resulting from the insured, or any financial organisation acting on behalf of the insured, having acted or relied upon false information concerning the existence, valuation or performance of assets except when the information was fraudulently created, or fraudulently altered by a person other than the person who purported to have created it.

This Coverage Restriction only applies to Insuring Clause A.2(c) (electronic or telephonic fraud).

22. **Extortion, kidnap and ransom**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to extortion or kidnap and ransom.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to Insuring Clause A.2(a) (dishonest act of an employee) or A.2(e) (extortion) or software removal or reconstitution costs covered under Coverage Extension B.3(b).

23. **Fines, penalties or damages**

comprising fines, penalties or damages of any type except direct compensatory damages arising out of a crime loss covered by this policy.
24. **Indirect loss**

which:

(a) is indirect or consequential except where covered under Coverage Extensions B.3(a), B.3(b) or B.3(c); or

(b) represents loss or deprivation of income or profits (including interest and dividends), except for interest covered under Coverage Extension B.3(a)(vi) or a **loss of subscription rights** covered under Coverage Extension B.3(a)(v); or

(c) arising out of, based upon or attributable to:

(i) business interruption or loss of computer time or use; or

(ii) mechanical, electronic or software failure, faulty construction, error in design, latent defect, wear or tear, gradual deterioration, electrical disturbance, **electronic media** failure or breakdown or any malfunction or error in programming; or

(iii) errors or omissions in processing except due to a **theft via erroneous transfer** covered under Coverage Extension B.3(a)(iv).

25. **Litigation costs and loss establishment fees**

which is incurred in establishing the existence or amount of **crime loss** covered under this policy, or in prosecuting or defending any legal proceeding, or incurred as a party to any legal proceeding.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to Coverage Extensions B.3(b) and B.3(c).

26. **Loan default**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to the complete or partial non-payment of or default upon any **loan**.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to Insuring Clause A.2(a) (dishonest act of an employee), A.2(b) (documentary fraud), A.2(c) (electronic or telephonic fraud) or **theft via erroneous transfer** covered under Coverage Extension B.3(a)(iv).

27. **Plastic cards**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to the use or purported use of any credit, debit, charge, access, convenience, smart, identification or other cards similar in nature or effect issued by, or purporting to have been issued by, the **insured**.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to:

(a) Insuring Clause A.2(a) (dishonest act of an employee);

(b) to the extent there is a loss of currency in or at an automated teller machine and that **crime loss** is a **physical loss of or damage to property** covered under Insuring Clause A.2(d); or

(c) to the extent that **crime loss** is a direct result of an **electronic or telephonic fraud** covered under Insuring Clause A.2(c).
28. **Prior discovery**

which was **discovered** prior to the inception date of this policy.

29. **Property damage**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, loss, damage or destruction:

(a) of or to any premises, however caused, except where such loss, damage or destruction is a **physical damage to or destruction of premises** covered under Insuring Clause A.2(d);

(b) of or to any property whatsoever by reason of wear, tear, gradual deterioration, moth or vermin;

(c) as a result of looting or any act of nature; or

(d) arising out of, based upon or attributable to ionising radiation or contamination by radioactivity from any nuclear fuel or from any nuclear waste from the combustion of nuclear fuel, or the radioactive, toxic, explosive or other hazardous properties of any explosive nuclear assembly or nuclear component.

30. **Safe custody**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, the loss of or damage to **property**:

(a) contained in a customer’s safe deposit box; or

(b) held by the **insured** in safe custody on behalf of a customer of the **insured** (other than identifiable **securities** actually held by the **insured** for its customers),

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to Insuring Clause A.2(a) (dishonest act of an employee), A.2(e) (extortion) or Coverage Extensions B.3(b) and B.3(c).

31. **War and terrorism**

(a) arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, war, invasion, act of foreign enemy, hostile operations (whether war has been declared or not), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, riot or civil commotion amounting to a popular uprising, military or takeover of power or martial law.

(b) arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, terrorism except where the **crime loss** results directly from any actual or attempted burglary, robbery, hold-up, theft or larceny.

This Coverage Restriction only applies to Insuring Clause A.2(d) (physical loss of or damage to property or physical damage to or destruction of premises), A.2(e) (extortion) or Coverage Extensions B.3(b) and B.3(c).
32. **Written documents**

arising out of, based upon or attributable to, directly or indirectly, the insured (or a financial organisation acting on behalf of the insured) having acted or relied upon electronic data for which the source is a physical document which is forged, fraudulently altered, counterfeit or contains information which is fictitious.

This Coverage Restriction only applies to Insuring Clause A.2(c) (electronic or telephonic fraud).
D. Claim Provisions

1. Notification

(a) Claims and regulatory events

The insured must give notice to the insurer of any:

(i) claim made against the insured during the policy period;

(ii) regulatory event occurring during the policy period; or

as soon as practicable after the responsible person first becomes aware of such claim or regulatory event but in no event later than 60 days after the end of the policy period, or within any applicable discovery period.

The insured must also give notice to the insurer of any intention on the part of the insured to incur mitigation costs either prior to such costs being incurred, or in respect of a time critical event, within 14 days of such costs being incurred.

(b) Circumstances

The insured may, during the policy period, notify the insurer of any fact or circumstances which may in the reasonable opinion of the responsible person give rise to a claim or regulatory event.

Any notice must include the reasons why the responsible person reasonably anticipates that the fact or circumstances may give rise to a claim or regulatory event and, where available, full particulars of the dates, acts and persons involved.

Any claim which is made or regulatory event which occurs after the end of the policy period and which arises from a circumstance notified in accordance with this clause will be deemed to have been made or have occurred at the same time as the circumstance.

(c) Crime and data losses

Upon discovery of a crime loss, data loss, information security incident or privacy incident, the insured, must:

(i) give to the insurer written notice of that crime loss, data loss, information security incident or privacy incident as soon as practicable following discovery, but in no event later than 60 days after the end of the policy period, or within any applicable discovery period; and

(ii) file a detailed proof of crime loss or data loss in a format agreed with the insurer within 6 months of such written notice, or within a further period as agreed in writing by the insurer.
(d) Privacy breach response services

Upon discovery of a privacy incident, information security incident, breach notice incident or privacy policy breach, the insured must give to the insurer written notice of that privacy incident, information security incident, breach notice incident or privacy policy breach as soon as practicable following discovery, but in no event later than 60 days after the end of the policy period, or within any applicable discovery period.

In the event that the insured is prevented from notifying any claim, regulatory event, crime loss, data loss, privacy incident, information security incident, breach notice incident or privacy policy breach to the insurer (after the insured has sought consent to do so) due to any legal or regulatory prohibition restricting them from doing so, the insured will provide full details of that claim, regulatory event, crime loss, data loss, privacy incident, information security incident, breach notice incident or privacy policy breach to the insurer as soon as such restriction is lifted.

If the insured does not give notice to the insurer in compliance with provisions D.1 Notification (a) – (d), the insurer will have no liability under this policy in respect of that claim, regulatory event, crime loss, data loss, privacy incident, information security incident, breach notice incident, privacy policy breach or mitigation costs.

(e) Related matters

A single event will be treated by the insurer as having been notified when the first of such claims, regulatory events, crime losses, data losses, privacy incidents, information security incidents, breach notice incidents or privacy policy breaches was notified or is deemed to have been notified to the insurer, irrespective of whether or not the insurer has formally accepted the notice.

(f) Address for notifications

All notices of claims, circumstances, regulatory events or crime loss must be sent either by e-mail to flclaims@beazley.com or by mail to the address below:

Financial Lines Claims
Beazley Plc
Plantation Place South,
60 Great Tower Street,
London,
EC3R 5AD

All notices of privacy incidents, information security incidents, breach notice incidents, privacy policy breaches and data loss must be sent either by e-mail to BBRuk@beazley.com or by hotline 020 3514 2434.

Calls to the above hotline are immediately forwarded to the BBR Services team.
2. **Defence and settlement**

(a) **Duties**

The **insured** has the right and duty to defend and contest any:

(i) claim made against them;

(ii) regulatory event commenced against them; or

(iii) claims made against them for which coverage is afforded under Coverage Extensions B.3(a) or B.3(b).

The **insured** will take all reasonable steps to prevent or minimise any **loss**.

The **insurer** will be entitled to participate fully in the conduct of the defence, and at its sole discretion and option, to take over conduct of the defence including settlement negotiations, contribution or indemnification proceedings, in consultation with the **insured**, where it is reasonably likely to involve the **insurer** making any payment under this policy.

(b) **Consent to policy costs**

The **insurer** will not be obliged to pay any **policy costs** unless the **insurer** has provided prior written consent to such costs being incurred (except where expressly stated in the policy that prior consent is not first required).

If the **insurer's** prior written consent cannot reasonably be obtained before **policy costs** are incurred, then the **insurer** will give retrospective approval for such reasonable **policy costs** necessarily incurred.

(c) **Advancements**

The **insurer** may, at their sole discretion and option, agree to pay **policy costs** prior to coverage being confirmed.

(d) **Consent to settlements**

If an **insured** admits liability or compromises or settles any claim, regulatory event, demand, suit or legal proceeding without the **insurer's** prior written consent, this policy will not provide cover in connection with that admission, claim, regulatory event, demand, suit or legal proceeding.

The **insured** will not be required to receive the **insurer's** consent prior to making any self report or formal written representation to a regulatory authority, provided that as soon as legally permitted, the **insured** will seek the consent of the **insurer** in accordance with this clause. The **insurer** will not consider such self report or formal written representation as an admission of liability for the purposes of this clause.

(e) **Uninsured loss**

The **parent company** will reimburse the **insurer** for any payments which are ultimately determined not to be covered under this policy.
3. **Allocation**

Where a **claim**, **regulatory event** or **loss** involves both parties covered and not covered and/or matters covered and not covered by this policy, a fair and proper allocation shall be made between the **insured** and the **insurer**, taking into account the relative legal and financial exposures attributable to the covered matters or persons and the matters or persons not covered by this policy.

4. **Cooperation**

The **insured** will give all information and assistance to the **insurer** as it may reasonably require to enable it to investigate any matter notified under this policy and cooperate with the **insurer** in responding to any **claim**, **regulatory event** or **loss**.

Except where expressly provided for in this policy, these steps will be at the **insured's** own cost.

5. **Basis of valuation of crime loss**

(a) In calculating the amount payable under this policy for any **crime loss**, deductions will be made in respect of recoveries received from any source. The **retention** will apply to the net figure after making these deductions, but nothing in this clause will be construed to mean that such **crime loss** is not payable under this policy until the net figure has been ascertained

(b) In no event shall the **insurer** be liable for more than:

(i) the actual market value of **securities**, foreign funds, currencies or precious metals which will be determined by their closing market value on the last business day prior to the **crime loss** being **discovered** or, if less, the actual cost of replacing the **securities**;

(ii) the cost of blank books, blank pages or other materials plus the cost of labour and computer time for the actual transcription or copying of data furnished by the **insured** in order to reproduce **physical records**;

(iii) the cost of blank electronic data processing media and the cost of labour for the actual transcription or copying of electronic data furnished by the **insured**, in order to reproduce that electronic data, however if that electronic data cannot be reproduced and represents **securities** or other financial instruments of value, then the **crime loss** will be valued as indicated at sub-paragraphs (i) and (iv) of this clause (b);

(iv) the actual cash value of other property at the time the **crime loss** was **discovered**, or the actual cost of repairing or replacing the property with property or material of like quality or value, whichever is less;

(v) the value of subscription, redemption, conversion or deposit privileges immediately prior to their expiry;

(vi) any interest receivable which exceeds the average Bank of England base rate between the time of sustaining **crime loss** and the date of **discovery** of the **crime loss**.
(c) In the event that a loss of securities is covered by this policy, the insurer will, at their election, indemnify the insured for either:

(i) any premium required to be paid by the insured to purchase lost instrument bonds; or

(ii) an amount which the insured may be required to pay either during the policy period or any time after by reason of any indemnity agreement executed by the insured in relation to any lost instrument bonds issued or purchased by the insured, for the reissuing of duplicate securities.

(d) In calculating crime loss as a result of the physical loss of or damage to cancelled cheques, cancelled drafts or cancelled credit card receipts, additional reasonable employee expenses necessarily incurred by the insured in identifying the depositors of those lost or damaged cancelled items, or in assisting depositors in obtaining duplicates, shall be included.

6. Other insurance

This policy will only pay loss that is in excess of any amount recoverable from a more specific crime, civil liability and/or cyber insurance available to the insured. As excess insurance this policy will not apply or contribute to the payment of any loss until the amounts of that other insurance have been exhausted.

7. Financial interest coverage

The insurer will not provide cover for the loss of an uncovered company. The insurer will instead reimburse the parent company for its financial interest in such uncovered company by way of agreed valuation calculated as the amount of loss which would have been payable to the uncovered company under this policy had the uncovered company been insured under this policy however no payment will be made in respect of any Insuring Clause or Coverage Extension which would have covered the loss of any insured person in respect of their role for the uncovered company. For the purpose of this provision the parent company will be deemed to have suffered loss to its financial interest simultaneously with the uncovered company which incurred the loss for which it would have been entitled to receive cover under this policy.
8. **Subrogation and recoveries**

Following a payment under this policy, the **insurer** will be subrogated to all rights and remedies available to the **insured** in connection with that payment therefore the **insurer** has the right to seek recovery of that payment from a third party and will be entitled to bring proceedings in the name of the **insured**.

Whether before or after payment under this policy, the **insured** will take all steps necessary, or required by the **insurer**, to preserve the rights and remedies which the **insured** may have to recover its **loss**.

The **insured** will provide to the **insurer** any assistance the **insurer** may require to secure the rights and remedies set out above. The **insurer** shall be entitled to take control of all steps taken to recover any loss.

Any amounts recovered will be applied in the following order:

(a) to reimburse costs incurred in bringing proceedings against the third party;

(b) then to the **insured** for the amount of any **loss** which exceeds the limit of liability;

(c) then to the **insurer** up to the amount of the **loss** paid by the **insurer** and the limit of liability will be reinstated for such amounts; and

(d) then to the **insured** to reimburse the retention.

The **insurer** agrees not to exercise its rights of recovery against any **insured person** unless the payments made by the **insurer** under this policy are brought about or contributed to by any dishonest or fraudulent act or omission or intentional breach of any laws on the part of that **insured person**.
E. General Conditions

1. Limit of liability

The limit of liability is the maximum amount payable by the insurer under this policy in respect of all insureds, Insuring Clauses and Coverage Extensions. However, the limit of liability will be automatically reinstated in the event of erosion or exhaustion by payment of loss to the extent of such erosion or exhaustion. Such reinstated limit of liability will only apply once the limit of liability of all insurance policies sitting excess of this policy have been exhausted.

The insurer will not be liable for more than the limit of liability in respect of all loss arising from a single event and twice the limit of liability in respect of all loss payable under this policy (in the event of a reinstatement).

Any loss paid by the insurer under this policy will reduce the limit of liability.

Where any sub-limit is specified in the policy or schedule, the insurer will have no liability in excess of that sub-limit. Any sub-limit will be part of and not in addition to the limit of liability.

In the event that a crime loss is sustained by any plan that is covered under this policy, payment will be made by the insurer to the trustees of that plan for and on behalf of the beneficiaries.

2. Retention

The insurer will be liable only for that part of any loss which exceeds the retention.

If more than one retention is applicable to the total amount of loss arising from a single event, the sum of such retention amounts shall not exceed the largest applicable retention amount.

In respect of mitigation costs, a single retention will apply to all anticipated claims arising out of, based upon or attributable to the same originating cause, source or event.

The retention will not apply in respect of any crime loss sustained or incurred by a plan where that plan is required by law to comply with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act 1974 (ERISA) (U.S.A.).
3. **Change of control / acquisitions**

In the event of a change of control of a company or plan, no cover under this policy will apply for any:

(a) **professional claim** against that company or their insured persons, which arises from a wrongful act;

(b) **cyber claim** against that company or their insured persons, which arises from an information security incident, privacy incident, breach notice incident, or privacy policy breach;

(c) **website media claim** against that company or their insured persons which arises from a website media act;

(d) **regulatory event** concerning that company or their insured persons, which arises out of any conduct; or

(e) any **crime loss or data loss** of that company or their plans, that occurred or was sustained after such change of control. The parent company will, as soon as practicable, give the insurer written notice of any change of control which takes place in respect of the parent company.

In the event of an acquisition of a subsidiary, no cover under this policy will apply for any:

(a) **professional claim** against that subsidiary or their insured persons, which arises from a wrongful act;

(b) **cyber claim** against that subsidiary or their insured persons, which arises from an information security incident, privacy incident, breach notice incident, or privacy policy breach;

(c) **website media claim** against that subsidiary or their insured persons which arises from a website media act;

(d) **regulatory event** concerning that subsidiary or their insured persons, which arises out of any conduct; or

(e) any **crime loss or data loss** of that subsidiary or their plans, that first commenced or was sustained before such acquisition.

4. **Employee dishonesty post discovery**

Cover under this policy for crime loss will cease in respect of the dishonest, fraudulent, malicious or criminal acts of any employee, as soon as any responsible person, not in collusion with that employee, discovers the commission of such acts which could reasonably be foreseen to give rise to a crime loss, but without prejudice to the loss of valuable property in transit in the custody of the employee at the time of discovery. The insurer will have no liability to indemnify the insured for crime loss resulting from such dishonest, fraudulent, malicious or criminal acts after the date they were discovered.
5. **Discovery period**

If this policy is not renewed or replaced the **insured** will be entitled:

(a) to an automatic **discovery period** of 60 days; and

(b) to purchase an optional **discovery period** for a longer period as specified in the Schedule, provided that written notice is given to the **insurer** by the **parent company** within 30 days after the end of the **policy period** and any additional premium specified by the **insurer** is paid within 45 days of the end of the **policy period**.

The automatic **discovery period** is part of and not in addition to any optional **discovery period** purchased by the **insured**.

The **discovery period** is non-cancellable and the premium for the optional **discovery period** is deemed fully earned at the inception date of the optional **discovery period**.

In the event of a **change of control** of the **parent company**, the **parent company** is entitled to purchase a 72 month **discovery period** on such terms and conditions and for such additional premium as the **insurer** requires.

Any **discovery period** does not increase the **limit of liability**, and any payments made with respect to **claims**, **regulatory events** and **crime losses** during the **discovery period** will be part of the **limit of liability**.

6. **Cancellation**

If the premium due under this policy has not been paid to the **insurer** within 60 days of the inception of the **policy period** or, where premium is due to be paid by instalments, by the date on which an instalment is due, the **insurer** will have the right to cancel this policy with effect from inception by notifying the **parent company** in writing direct or via the insurance broker.

The **insurer** will give not less than 30 days prior notice of such cancellation. If the premium due is paid in full to the **insurer** before the notice period expires, notice of cancellation will automatically be revoked.

If any additional premium due under the terms of this policy or in respect of any amendment to the terms of this policy is not paid within 30 days of the date on which it is due to be paid, the **insurer** will not have any liability in respect of the additional rights which were to have been purchased by the **insured** by payment of the additional premium.

7. **Authorisation**

The **parent company** will act on behalf of all **insureds** in connection with all matters relevant to this policy unless the **parent company** is insolvent in which event the remaining entities will agree with the **insurer** as to which one of them will act on behalf of all **insureds**.

**Crime loss** sustained by any nominee company where the board of directors is composed exclusively of directors, officers or **employees** of the **parent company** established to handle specific business transactions will be deemed to be **crime loss** sustained by the **insured**.
8. **Third parties**

Nothing in this policy is intended to confer a directly enforceable benefit on any third party other than an insured.

9. **Assignment**

Neither this policy nor any right under it may be assigned without the prior written consent of the insurer.

10. **Policy interpretation**

This policy, its schedule and any endorsements are one contract in which, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) headings and subheadings are descriptive only, solely for convenience, not an aid to interpretation and form no part of the terms and conditions of coverage;

(b) the singular includes the plural, and the masculine includes the feminine, and vice versa;

(c) “Including” and “include(s)” means without limitation;

(d) references to specific legislation include amendments to and re-enactments of that legislation and any similar or equivalent legislation in the relevant jurisdiction;

(e) references to positions, offices or titles will include their equivalents in any jurisdiction;

(f) if any provision of this policy is or becomes void or illegal, is invalid or unenforceable by a court or other competent body under the law of any applicable jurisdiction, such provision will be deleted. The insurer and the insured will use their best efforts to agree a replacement for the provision which achieves as far as possible the same effect as would have been achieved by the deleted provision.

11. **Governing law**

This policy will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of England and Wales.
12. **Arbitration clause**

All disputes and differences between the **insured** and the **insurer** which arise under or in connection with this policy will be referred to arbitration under ARIAS Arbitration Rules (U.K.).

The arbitration tribunal will consist of three arbitrators, one to be appointed by the **insured**, one to be appointed by the **insurer** and the third to be appointed by the two appointed arbitrators.

The third member of the tribunal will be appointed as soon as practicable (and no later than 28 days) after the appointment of the two party-appointed arbitrators. The tribunal will be constituted upon the appointment of the third arbitrator. The arbitrators will be persons (including those who have retired) with not less than ten years’ experience of insurance or reinsurance within the industry or as lawyers or other professional advisers serving the industry.

Where the **insured** or the **insurer** fail to appoint an arbitrator within 14 days of being called upon to do so or where the two party-appointed arbitrators fail to appoint a third within 28 days of their appointment, then ARIAS will appoint an arbitrator to fill the vacancy. At any time prior to the appointment by ARIAS the party or arbitrators in default may make such appointment.

The tribunal may in its sole discretion make such orders and directions as it considers to be necessary for the final determination of the matters in dispute. The tribunal will have the widest discretion permitted under the laws of England and Wales when making such orders or directions and the decision of the tribunal will be final. The arbitration will be held in London.

13. **Duty of fair presentation**

The **insurer** expects the **insured** to comply with their duty to make a fair presentation of the risk in accordance with the Insurance Act 2015 (U.K.). In the event that there has been a breach of the duty of fair presentation, the **insurer** will not exercise any available remedies under the Insurance Act 2015 (U.K.) for any breach that was free of any fraudulent conduct or intent to deceive.

The knowledge or act, error or omission of any **insured person** will not be imputed to any other **insured person**. The knowledge of each **responsible person** will be imputed to all **companies**.

14. **Insurer’s consent**

Where the **insured** is required under this policy to seek the consent of the **insurer**, the **insurer** will not unreasonably withhold, delay or deny such consent.

15. **Sanction limitation**

The **insurer** will not be liable to provide any cover, benefit or pay any claim under this policy to the extent that the provision of such cover, benefit or payment of such claim would expose the **insurer** to any sanction, prohibition or restriction under United Nations resolutions or the trade or economic sanctions, laws or regulations of the European Union, United Kingdom or United States of America.
16. **Complaints**

Every effort is made to ensure that a high standard of service is provided. However, if the insured is not satisfied with the service it has received or it has any questions or concerns about this policy the insured should, in the first instance, contact:

Beazley Complaints  
Beazley Plc  
Plantation Place South  
60 Great Tower Street  
London EC3R 5AD

All correspondence should be addressed to Beazley Complaints

Or by telephone – 020 7667 0623  
Or by e-mail – beazley.complaints@beazley.com

In the event that the insured remains dissatisfied the complaint can be escalated to:

Complaints  
Lloyd’s  
One Lime Street  
London EC3M 7HA

E-mail: complaints@lloyds.com  
Telephone: 020 7327 5693 / Fax: 020 7327 5225  
Website: www.lloyds.com/complaints

Ultimately, if the insured is dissatisfied with Lloyd’s final response, the insured may, if eligible, refer the complaint to the Financial Ombudsman Service (FOS). The Financial Ombudsman Service is an independent service in the U.K. for settling disputes between consumers and businesses providing financial services. The FOS’s contact details are as follows:

Financial Ombudsman Service  
Exchange Tower  
London  
E14 9SR

E-mail: complaint.info@financial-ombudsman.org.uk  
Telephone: 0300 123 9 123  
Website: wwwfinancial-ombudsman.org.uk

17. **Compensation**

The insurer is covered by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme.

The insured may be entitled to compensation from the Scheme if the insurer is unable to meet its obligations to the insured under this contract. If the insured is entitled to compensation under the Scheme, the level and extent of the compensation would depend on the nature of this contract.

Further information about the Scheme is available from the Financial Services Compensation Scheme, 10th Floor, Beaufort House, 15 St Botolph Street, London EC3A 7QU, Telephone: 0800 678 1100 or 020 7741 4100 or on their website: www.fscs.org.uk
F. Definitions

The following definitions are applicable to all sections of this policy:

**audit costs** means reasonable fees and expenses necessarily incurred for independent outside accountants or similar specialists to determine the amount and extent of the crime loss payable by the insurer under this policy.

**authenticated communication** means authenticated electronic or telephonic communication authorising, directing or acknowledging the transfer, payment, delivery or receipt of funds or property.

**breach notice incident** means the insured’s failure to timely disclose an information security incident or privacy incident in violation of any breach notice law.

**breach notice law** means any statute or regulation of any country, province, state, territory or jurisdiction that requires notice to persons whose personal data were accessed or reasonably may have been accessed by an unauthorised person or to a data protection authority.

**breach resolution and mitigation services** means a credit monitoring, identity monitoring or other solution selected from the products listed in the information pack and offered to notified individuals. The product offered to notified individuals will be selected by the insurer in consultation with the insured and in accordance with the guidance provided in the breach resolution and mitigation section of the information pack.

**call centre services** means the provision of a call centre to answer calls during standard business hours for a period of 90 days following notification (or longer if required by applicable law or regulation) of an incident for which notice is provided pursuant to Insuring Clause A.3(b) (privacy breach response services). Such notification shall include a free-phone telephone number that connects to the call centre during standard business hours. Call centre employees will answer questions about the incident from notified individuals and will provide information required by applicable law or regulation.

**call centre services** will include up to 10,000 calls per day and will be provided in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the information pack. Call centre services will be provided by a service provider selected by the insurer in consultation with the insured from the list of service providers in the information pack.

**change of control** means any one of the following events:

(a) the parent company consolidates with or merges into or sells all or a majority of its assets to any other person or entity or group of persons and/or entities acting in concert;

(b) any person or entity, whether individually or together with any other person or persons, entity or entities becomes entitled to exercise more than 50% of the rights to vote at general meetings of the parent company or control the appointment of directors who are able to exercise a majority of votes at meetings of the board of directors of the parent company;

(c) the appointment of a receiver, liquidator, administrator or other insolvency practitioner in respect of an insured, but only in relation to that insured;

(d) an entity ceases to be a subsidiary or plan, or becomes controlled by another entity by virtue of any law.
civil cyber loss means defence costs and damages that the insured shall become legally obligated to pay resulting from a cyber claim which arises out of an information security incident, privacy incident, breach notice incident or privacy policy breach.

claim means cyber claim, website media claim and professional claim.

company means the parent company and any subsidiary.

computer expert services means:

(a) reasonable costs for a computer security expert to:
   (i) determine the existence and cause of an actual or suspected electronic data breach which may require the insured to comply with a breach notice law; or may have compromised the security or privacy of an individual by posing a significant risk of financial, reputational or other harm to the individual; and
   (ii) determine the extent to which such information was accessed by an unauthorised person or persons;

(b) reasonable costs for a PCI Forensic Investigator that is approved by the PCI Security Standards Council and is retained by the insured in order to comply with the terms of a merchant services agreement to investigate the existence and extent of an actual or suspected compromise of credit card data; and in the insurer’s discretion, where a computer security expert described in (a) above has not been retained, for a computer security expert to provide advice and oversight in connection with the investigation conducted by the PCI Forensic Investigator; and

(c) preventative measure demonstration costs.

computer expert services will be provided in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the information pack and will be provided by a service provider selected by the insured in consultation with the insurer from the list of service providers in the information pack.

computer security means software, computer or network hardware devices, as well as the insured’s written information security policies and procedures, the function or purpose of which is to prevent unauthorised access or use, a denial-of-service attack against computer systems, infection of computer systems by malicious code or transmission of malicious code from computer systems. Computer security includes anti-virus and intrusion detection software, firewalls and electronic systems that provide access control to computer systems through the use of passwords, biometric or similar identification of authorised users.

computer systems means computers and associated input and output devices, data storage devices, networking equipment, and back up facilities:

(a) operated by and either owned by or leased to the insured; or

(b) systems operated by a third party service provider and used for the purpose of providing hosted computer application services to the insured or for processing, maintaining, hosting or storing the insured’s electronic data, pursuant to written contract with the insured for such services.

corporate identity fraud means the fraudulent modification, corruption, or theft of publicly-available data relating to the insured’s formation and genuine identity.
**corporate identity fraud costs** means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred in connection with **corporate identity fraud** first **discovered** during the **policy period**:

(a) to investigate that **corporate identity fraud**;

(b) to correct or reinstate public records;

(c) when applying for civil proceedings to be dismissed or withdrawn because the alleged liability resides with someone other than the **insured**;

(d) to procure public relations services to redress adverse publicity or reputational injury.

**counterfeit** means the imitation of any instrument which, because of the quality of the imitation, the **insured** or a **financial organisation** believes is the authentic original instrument.

**crime defence costs** means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred in the defence, settlement or appeal of any demand, claim, suit or legal proceeding which the **insured** establishes results directly from the **crime loss** payable by the **insurer** under this policy.

**crime loss** means:

(a) direct financial loss sustained by the **insured**;

(b) in respect of Coverage Extensions B.3(a)(i), B.3(a)(vi) and B.3(a)(vi), its legal liability to customers or third parties; and

(c) **crime defence costs**, **software removal or reconstitution costs**, **audit costs** and **corporate identity fraud costs** to the extent afforded by Coverage Extensions B.3(b) and B.3(c).

**crime loss** does not include **employee benefits** except those paid to an **employee** for a specific transaction in respect of which that **employee** committed a dishonest, fraudulent, malicious or criminal act.

**cyber claim** means:

(a) a written demand received by any **insured** for money or services, including the service of a suit or institution of regulatory or arbitration proceedings, for violation of **data protection legislation**;

(b) with respect to coverage provided under Coverage Extension B.1 only, institution of a **regulatory event** against any **insured** arising out of a violation of a **data protection legislation**;

(c) a written request or agreement to toll or waive a statute of limitations relating to a potential **cyber claim** described in paragraph (a) above; and

(d) with respect to coverage provided under Civil Liability Insuring Clause A.1(b) only, a demand received by any **insured** to fulfill the company’s contractual obligation to provide notice of a **privacy incident** or **information security incident** (or reasonably suspected incident) pursuant to a **breach notice law**;
cyber loss means:
(a) civil cyber loss;
(b) privacy breach response services;
(c) data protection penalties;
(d) PCI fines, expenses and costs; and
(e) data loss costs.

damages means any amount that the insured is required to pay as a result of a legally enforceable obligation to a third party, for:
(a) damages, interest and related costs awarded pursuant to a final judgment or award, including an award from the Financial Ombudsman Service (U.K.);
(b) compensation awarded by a regulatory authority;
(c) compensation pursuant to a settlement negotiated with the insurer's prior written consent; or
(d) the cost (including the acquisition cost of securities) of restoring a person to a register or record where the insured is legally liable for the removal or non-appearance of that person from or on the register or record.

damages does not include:
(i) fees, commissions, or other compensation or profits by an insured;
(ii) taxes or insured’s loss of tax benefits;
(iii) fines or penalties;
(iv) punitive or exemplary damages, or multiple damages, unless insurable by law in any applicable venue that most favors coverage for such punitive, exemplary or multiple damages;
(v) discounts, coupons, prizes, awards or other incentives offered to the insured’s customers or clients;
(vi) employment-related compensation, wages or benefits, or costs or overheads of the company;
(vii) amounts which are uninsurable.

data asset means any software or electronic data that exists in computer systems and that is subject to regular back up procedures, including computer programs, applications and any information maintained by the insured in its ordinary course of business.

data loss means:
(a) the alteration, corruption, destruction, deletion or damage to a data asset;
(b) the inability to access a data asset.
**data loss costs** means:

(a) with respect to any **data asset** that is altered, corrupted, destroyed, deleted or damaged, the actual, reasonable and necessary costs and expenses incurred by the **insured** to restore a **data asset** from back-ups or from originals or to gather, assemble and recreate such **data asset** from other sources to the level or condition in which it existed immediately prior to its alteration, corruption, destruction, deletion or damage; or

(b) with respect to any **data asset** that the **insured** is unable to access, the lesser of the actual, reasonable and necessary costs and expenses incurred by the **insured** to:

(i) regain access to such **data asset**; or

(ii) restore or recreate such **data asset** to the level or condition in which it existed immediately prior to the **insured’s** inability to access it;

provided that if such **data asset** cannot reasonably be accessed, restored or reproduced, then **data loss costs** means the actual, reasonable and necessary costs and expenses incurred by the **insured** to reach this determination.

**data loss costs** does not mean (a) costs or expenses incurred by the **insured** to identify or remediate software program errors or vulnerabilities, or update, replace, restore, gather, assemble, reproduce, recreate or enhance a **data asset** or **computer systems** to a level beyond that which existed prior to the alteration, corruption, destruction, deletion or damage of such **data asset**; (b) costs or expenses to research or develop any **data asset**, including but not limited to trade secrets or other proprietary information; (c) the monetary value of profits, royalties, or lost market share related to a **data asset**, including but not limited to trade secrets or other proprietary information or any other amount pertaining to the value of the **data asset**; (d) loss arising out of any liability to third-parties for whatever reason; or (e) legal costs or legal expenses of any type.

**data protection authority** means any competent governmental, statutory or regulatory body in any territory having regulatory, supervisory authority, jurisdiction or control over any party in respect of the processing of **personal data**.

**data protection legislation** means all applicable data protection and privacy laws, statutes, regulations and guidance in any country, province, state, territory or jurisdiction which govern the use, confidentiality, security and protection of **personal data** and any guides or codes of practice issued by any **data protection authority**.

**data protection penalties** means:

(a) any civil fine or money penalty payable to a governmental entity that was imposed in a **regulatory event** by a **data protection authority**, the insurability of such civil fine or money penalty shall be in accordance with the law in the applicable venue that most favours coverage for such fine or money penalty; and

(b) amounts which the **insured** is legally obligated to deposit in a fund as equitable relief for the payment of consumer claims due to an adverse judgement or settlement of a **regulatory event**; but shall not include payments to charitable organisations or disposition of such funds other than for payment of consumer claims for losses caused by an **information security incident**, **privacy incident** or **breach notice incident**;

but shall not mean (a) costs to remediate or improve **computer systems**, (b) costs to establish, implement, maintain, improve or remediate security or privacy practices, procedures, programmes or policies, (c) audit, assessment, compliance or reporting costs, or (d) costs to protect the confidentiality, integrity and/or security of **personal data** from theft, loss or disclosure, even if it is in response to a **regulatory event** or investigation.
**defence costs** means the reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by or on behalf of the **insured** in connection with the investigation, defence, settlement or appeal of a **claim**.

**defence costs** includes:

(a) the reasonable fees, costs and expenses of an accredited expert retained through defence counsel approved by the **insurer** on behalf of the **insured** in order to prepare an evaluation, report, assessment, diagnosis or rebuttal of evidence in connection with the defence of a covered **claim**;

(b) up to £1000 per day for each day on which the **insured person** has been required to and has attended court as a witness in connection with a **claim** notified under and covered by this policy. No **retention** will apply; and

(c) the premium cost for appeal bonds for covered judgements or bonds to release property used to secure a legal obligation, if required in any **cyber claim** against an **insured**; provided the **insurer** shall have no obligation to appeal or to obtain bonds.

**defence costs** does not include the remuneration of any **insured person**, the cost of their time or costs or overheads of the **company** (except as provided for in clause (b) above).

**discovered** or **discovery** means the time at which a **responsible person** becomes aware of facts which would cause a reasonable person to believe that:

(a) a **crime loss** of the kind covered by this policy has been or will be incurred;

(b) a **data loss**, **information security incident**, **privacy incident**, **breach notice incident** or **privacy policy breach** has occurred,

even though the exact amount or details of that **crime loss**, **data loss**, **information security incident**, **privacy incident**, **breach notice incident** or **privacy policy breach** may not be known at that time. **Discovery** will constitute discovery by every **insured**.

**discovery period** means the period of time following the end of the **policy period** during which notice may be given to the **insurer** of:

(a) any **claim** arising out of any **wrongful act** committed before the end of the **policy period**;

(b) a **cyber claim** arising out of an **information security incident**, **privacy incident**, **breach notice incident** or **privacy policy breach** occurring prior to the end of the **policy period**;

(c) any **regulatory event** arising out of any conduct undertaken before the end of the **policy period**; or

(d) any **crime loss** sustained prior the end of the **policy period**.

**dishonest act of an employee** means a dishonest, fraudulent, malicious or criminal act of any **employee**, committed alone or in collusion with others. However, in respect of **crime loss** resulting from **loans** or **trading**, **dishonest act of an employee** only means dishonest, fraudulent, malicious or criminal acts of any **employee** committed with the intent to obtain an improper financial gain for themselves or for any other person or organisation in dishonest, fraudulent, malicious or criminal collusion with the **employee**. The term 'improper financial gain' does not include **employee benefits**.
document means any physical or electronic document.

documentary fraud means:

(a) the insured or any financial organisation acting on behalf of the insured, having acted or relied upon any security, instruction or currency which has been forged or fraudulently altered, is counterfeit or has been lost or stolen; or

(b) the insured having acted or relied upon any authenticated instruction made by fraudulent impersonation,

and which is at the time of the act or reliance, in the physical possession of the insured, or a financial organisation acting on behalf of the insured.

electronic media means the media on which electronic data is stored in a form readily usable in a computer system.

electronic or telephonic fraud means:

(a) the insured, or a financial organisation acting on behalf of the insured, having acted or relied upon:

(i) electronic data, computer programs or authenticated communication that is impaired; or

(ii) authenticated communication which dishonestly, fraudulently, maliciously or criminally purports to be, but is not, from a customer of the insured, another office or department of the insured, a financial organisation or vendor.

(b) any financial organisation or customer of the insured having acted or relied upon any authenticated communication which dishonestly, fraudulently, maliciously or criminally purports to be, but is not, from the insured, or any financial organisation acting on its behalf; or

(c) the dishonest, fraudulent, malicious or criminal introduction or activation of any malicious code.
employee means any:

(a) natural person:
   (i) under a contract of employment with; or
   (ii) working under the control and supervision of, the insured;

(b) director or officer of the insured when performing acts coming within the scope of the usual duties of an employee of the insured or while acting as a member of a committee duly elected or appointed by resolution of the board of directors of the insured to perform specific acts, as distinguished from general directorial acts, on behalf of the insured;

(c) trustee, fiduciary, administrator, or officer of any plan;

(d) ex-employee, for a period not exceeding 60 days following the termination of their employment with the insured, other than when that termination is a result of a dishonest, fraudulent, malicious or criminal act;

(e) solicitor, other than a sole practitioner, retained by the insured whilst providing legal services exclusively for the insured; or

(f) company or person authorised by a written contract with the insured to perform accounting, data processing of the cheques, payroll or computing services outsourced by the insured, whether or not the insured is able to identify that person by name, provided that the insured proves beyond reasonable doubt that the crime loss was due to the act of that person.

The term employee does not mean any independent broker, independent financial advisor, or any similar agent or independent representative remunerated on a sales or commission basis.

employee benefits means salaries, fees, commissions, bonuses and similar employee benefits (including business entertainment whether or not constituting bribery under the Bribery Act 2010 (U.K.)) earned in the normal course of employment.
extortion means the insured having delivered, transferred or caused to have transferred funds or property as a result of a threat:

(a) to do bodily harm to:
   (i) a director, officer or employee of the insured; or
   (ii) any lawful spouse, civil or domestic partner or family member of a person in (i) above.

(b) to do damage to the premises or property of the insured;

(c) to sell or disclose confidential security codes, computer programs or electronic data to another person or party;

(d) to destroy, corrupt, alter or divulge computer programs or electronic data which are stored within a computer system by causing electronic data or computer programs to be impaired; or

(e) to deny access to a computer system or communications or payments system,

provided that, prior to or immediately after the delivery or transfer of funds or property, the person receiving the threat has made a reasonable effort to report the extortionist’s demand to a director or officer of the insured and to the police or local law enforcement authorities and, in respect of (d) and (e) only, believed that the threat was credible and technologically feasible at the time made.

financial organisation means:

(a) any bank, credit institution, financial institution, undertaking for collective investment in securities, investment firm or similar entity;

(b) any entity or organisation with which the insured has a written or electronic agreement for the provision of purchasing services, safekeeping, registration and entitlement records for the insured in connection with securities, or any regulated central securities depository or international central securities depository, or any regulated sub-custodian which that entity, organisation or depository has entered into a written or electronic agreement for the provision of those services; or

(c) any regulated stock exchange, commodities, mercantile, futures or derivatives exchange, or clearing house, or any other regulated trading facility, trading system or network providing services or functionality of a similar nature.

forged means bearing a forged signature of a genuine person without the authority of that person and with the intent to deceive. A mechanically or electronically reproduced signature will be treated the same as a handwritten signature. Forged does not include the signing of one’s own name, in whole or in part, in any capacity.

fraudulently altered means materially altered for a fraudulent purpose by any person other than the person who was authorised to prepare or sign the document.

fraudulent impersonation means the intentional and fraudulent deceiving of an employee by any natural person purporting to be another natural person.

impaired means dishonestly, fraudulently, maliciously or criminally input, modified, corrupted or deleted, and additionally in relation to computer programs and authenticated communications, dishonestly, fraudulently, maliciously or criminally created, prepared or altered.
information pack means the information pack provided with this policy. The information pack is incorporated into and forms part of this policy and may be updated by insurers from time to time.

information security incident means one or more of the following acts or incidents that directly result from a failure of computer security to prevent a security breach:

(a) the alteration, corruption, destruction, deletion, or damage to data stored on computer systems;

(b) the failure to prevent transmission of malicious code from computer systems to computer or network systems that are not owned, operated or controlled by an insured; or

(c) the participation by the insured's computer systems in a denial-of-service attack directed against computer or network systems that are not owned, operated or controlled by an insured.

instruction means written or printed instruction or advice directed to the insured authorising, directing or acknowledging the transfer, payment, delivery or receipt of funds or valuable property.

insured means the company and:

(a) insured persons for the purposes of Insuring Clause A.1, Civil Liability; and

(b) any plan for the purposes of Insuring Clause A.2, Crime.

insured person means any natural person who was, is, or during the policy period becomes:

(a) employed by the company;

(b) an approved person or certificated person employed by the company;

(c) a director or officer of the company whilst acting in their capacity as an employee.

insured person includes the estate, heirs, legal representatives or assigns of an insured person in the event of their death, incapacity or bankruptcy or the lawful spouse, civil or domestic partner of an insured person solely in their capacity as such.

insurer means Beazley Syndicates 2623/623 at Lloyd’s.
**legal services** means fees charged by a lawyer:

(a) to determine the applicability of and actions necessary for the **insured** to comply with **breach notice laws** due to an actual or reasonably suspected theft, loss or **unauthorised disclosure** of personal data;

(b) to provide necessary legal advice to the **insured** in responding to actual or suspected theft, loss or **unauthorised disclosure** of personal data; and

(c) to advise the **insured organisation** in responding to credit card system operating regulation requirements for any actual or suspected compromise of credit card data that is required to be reported to the **insured organisation’s** merchant bank under the terms of a **merchant services agreement**, but **legal services** does not include fees incurred in any actual or threatened legal proceeding, arbitration or mediation, or any advice in responding to credit card system operating regulations in connection with an assessment of **PCI fines, expenses and costs**.

**legal services** will be provided in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the **information pack** and will be provided by a legal representative selected by the **insured** in consultation with the **insurers** from the list of legal representatives in the **information pack**.

**legal liability for incomplete transactions** means the **insured’s** legal liability to third parties caused by the **insured’s** failure or inability to complete transactions that are entered into in the course of the **insured’s** business pursuant to the rules of any regulated stock exchange due to a direct financial loss sustained by the **insured** that is covered under this policy.

**limit of liability** means the amount specified in the Schedule.

**loan** means:

(a) all extensions of credit by the **insured** and/or all transactions creating a creditor or lessor relationship in favour of the **insured**; or

(b) any note, account, agreement or other evidence of debt assigned to, or discounted or acquired by, the **insured** including the purchase, discounting or acquisition of false or genuine accounts or invoices.

**loss** means **cyber loss, professional loss, crime loss** and **website media loss**.

**loss of subscription rights** means the loss of subscription, redemption, conversion or deposit privileges through the misplacement, loss or damage to any **security**, or electronic data representing a **security**.

**malicious code** means computer or software code which causes:

(a) damage to or loss, destruction or modification of electronic data contained within any **electronic media**, or any computer or communications or payments system of the **insured**, or any **financial organisation** acting on its behalf; or

(b) damage to or destruction of **electronic media**, or any computer or communications or payments system of the **insured**.
management control means:
(a) controls the composition of the board of directors;
(b) controls more than half of the shareholder voting power; or
(c) holds more than half of the issued share capital.

media material means any information in electronic form, including words, sounds, numbers, images, or graphics and shall include advertising, video, streaming content, web-casting, online forum, bulletin board and chat room content, but does not mean computer software or the actual goods, products or services described, illustrated or displayed in such media material.

merchant services agreement means any agreement between an insured and another financial institution, credit/debit card company, credit/debit card processor or independent service operator enabling an insured to accept credit card, debit card, prepaid card, or other payment cards for payments or donations.

media purchasing and printing costs means reasonable costs in order to purchase, print and mail materials intended to inform the general public about a privacy incident or information security incident or public relations event.

mitigation costs means any reasonable payments incurred by the insured during the policy period in taking action to mitigate the financial consequences of a wrongful act which the insured establishes to the insurer's satisfaction would otherwise have reasonably been expected to give rise to a claim for which the resulting professional loss would have been covered by the policy. Mitigation costs do not include payments incurred after such claim is made.

mitigation costs does not include payments incurred without the insured first obtaining the insurer's consent, unless it was not reasonably practicable to obtain consent due to a time critical event and insurer's were otherwise notified in writing within 14 days of such payment being incurred.

notification services means notification by first class mail or e-mail to residents of the United Kingdom, and, to the extent reasonably practicable, individuals residing outside the United Kingdom.

E-mail notification will be provided in lieu of first class mail to the extent reasonable, practicable and where permitted under the applicable breach notice law.

notified individual means an individual person to whom notice is given or attempted to be given pursuant to a breach notice law.

office contents means the furnishings, fixtures, equipment, tangible computer related equipment, alarms, stationery, supplies, safes, or vaults and the personal property of employees or customers, within the insured’s premises.

parent company means the entity named in the Schedule.
**PCI fines, expenses and costs** means the direct monetary fines, penalties, reimbursements, fraud recoveries or assessments owed by the **insured** under the terms of a **merchant services agreement**, but only where such fines, penalties, reimbursements, fraud recoveries or assessments result both from the **insured’s** actual or alleged noncompliance with published PCI Data Security Standards and from a data breach caused by an **information security incident** or **privacy incident** (or reasonably suspected incident).

**PCI fines, expenses and costs** does not mean any charge backs, interchange fees, discount fees or prospective service fees.

**personal data** shall have the meaning given to it in **data protection legislation**. **Personal data** does not include publicly available information that is lawfully made available to the general public from government records.

**physical loss of or damage to property** means the physical loss of, damage to or destruction of **property**:

(a) anywhere by any means (other than as described in (b) and (c) below);

(b) whilst in the physical possession of any customer of the **insured**, or representative of such customer, whilst on the **insured’s** premises;

(c) due to the **insured** being deceived as to the identity of any natural person but only if the **insured** was deceived while the natural person was physically present at the **insured’s** premises.

**physical damage to or destruction of premises** means damage to or destruction of the premises of the **insured** and the **office contents** of such premises, provided that the destruction or damage is caused by any actual or attempted burglary, robbery, hold-up, theft or larceny, vandalism or malicious mischief at those premises, and that the destruction or damage is not caused by fire.

**physical records** means the books of account and records of the **parent company, subsidiaries** and **plans**.

**plan** means:

(a) any pension, welfare benefit, share saver or share option or other plan maintained by the **insured** for the benefit of the past, present and/or future **employees** or their respective beneficiaries; or

(b) any charitable trust, fund or foundation with a social or cultural objective which was founded and is currently supported directly by the **parent company** or indirectly through a **subsidiary**.

**policy costs** means **defence costs, regulatory costs, mitigation costs, crime defence costs** or **legal services**.

**policy period** means the period specified in the Schedule.

**preventative measure demonstration costs** means the reasonable costs of a computer security expert to demonstrate the **insured’s** ability to prevent a future electronic data breach as required by a **merchant services agreement**.
privacy breach response services means:

(a) computer expert services;
(b) legal services;
(c) notification services to provide notification to:
   (i) individuals who are required to be notified by the insured under the applicable breach notice law; or
   (ii) in insurers’ discretion, individuals affected by an incident in which their personal data has been subject to theft, loss or unauthorised disclosure, in a manner which compromises the security or privacy of such individual by posing a significant risk of financial, reputational or other harm to the individual;
   (iii) call centre services;
(d) breach resolution and mitigation services; and
(e) public relations and crisis management expenses.

privacy breach response services also includes assistance from the BBR Services team.

privacy breach response services will be provided subject to the terms and conditions of this policy and the information pack.

Unless otherwise specified in this policy, privacy breach response services will be provided by the service providers listed in the information pack. In the event a service provider is unable to or does not provide the services set forth above, the insurers will procure similar services from other sources to the extent reasonably practicable. If there is a change of law, regulation or enforcement that prevents the insurer or their service providers from providing all or part of the privacy breach response services, insurers will make reasonable efforts to substitute other services but, if this is not possible, insurers shall not be obligated to provide such services.

privacy incident means the theft, loss, or unauthorised disclosure of personal data or third party data that are in the care, custody or control of the insured, or a third party for whose theft, loss or unauthorised disclosure of personal data or third party data the insured is legally liable.

privacy policy means the insured’s public declaration of its policy for collection, use, disclosure, sharing, dissemination and correction or supplementation of, and access to personal data.

privacy policy breach means a failure by the insured to comply with that part of a privacy policy that specifically:

(a) prohibits or restricts the insured’s disclosure, sharing or selling of a person’s personal data;
(b) requires the insured to provide access to personal data or to correct incomplete or inaccurate personal data after a request is made by a person; or
(c) mandates procedures and requirements to prevent the loss of personal data;

provided the insured must, at the time of such acts, errors or omissions have in force a privacy policy that addresses those subsections above that are relevant to the cyber claim.
**professional claim** means:

(a) a written demand for damages, compensation or non-monetary relief;

(b) a civil, administrative or regulatory proceeding for damages, compensation or non-monetary relief;

(c) a demand for mediation, arbitration or other form of alternative dispute resolution for damages, compensation or non-monetary relief; or

(d) a criminal proceeding, arising out of a **wrongful act**.

**professional loss** means:

(a) **defence costs**;

(b) any amount that the **insured** is required to pay as a result of a legally enforceable obligation to a third party, for:
   (i) damages, interest and related costs awarded pursuant to a final judgment or award, including an award from the Financial Ombudsman Service (U.K.);
   (ii) compensation awarded by a **regulatory authority**;
   (iii) compensation pursuant to a settlement negotiated with the **insurer’s** prior written consent; or
   (iv) the cost (including the acquisition cost of securities) of restoring a person to a register or record where the **insured** is legally liable for the removal or non-appearance of that person from or on the register or record.

(c) **regulatory costs** to the extent afforded by Coverage Extension B.1.

(d) **mitigation costs** to the extent afforded by Coverage Extension B.2.

**professional loss** does not include:

(i) fees, commissions, or other compensation for any **professional services** rendered or required to be rendered by the **insured**;

(ii) taxes or **insured’s** loss of tax benefits;

(iii) fines or penalties;

(iv) punitive or exemplary damages, or multiple damages, other than:
    (1) aggravated or exemplary damages awarded in an action for defamation, emotional distress, libel, slander or injurious falsehood; or
    (2) the single compensatory amount of multiple damages prior to their multiplication.

(v) discounts, coupons, prizes, awards or other incentives offered to the **insured’s** customers or clients;

(vi) employment-related compensation, wages or benefits, or costs or overheads of the **company**;

(vii) amounts which are uninsurable.

**professional services** means services performed by or on behalf of the **company**, and any related services, administrative and back office functions, pursuant to an agreement with a third party.

**professional services** do not include the **insured** acting as a trustee, fiduciary or administrator of the **company’s** own pension, profit-sharing or employee benefits programme.

**property** means **valuable property, electronic media** or **physical records**.
public relations and crisis management expenses shall mean the following costs approved in advance by the insurer in their discretion, and which are directly related to mitigating harm to the company's reputation or potential cyber loss covered by the policy resulting from a privacy incident or information security incident or from a public relations event:

(a) costs incurred by a public relations or crisis management consultant;
(b) media purchasing and printing costs;
(c) for incidents or events in which notification services are not otherwise provided pursuant to Insuring Clause A.3(a), costs to provide notifications and notices via e-mail or first class mail to customers where such notifications are not required by law ("voluntary notifications"), including to non-affected customers of the company;
(d) costs to provide government mandated public notices related to breach events; and
(e) other costs approved in advance by the insurer.

public relations and crisis management expenses must be incurred no later than 12 months following the reporting of a privacy incident, information security incident or public relations event to the insurer and, with respect to clauses (a) and (b) above, within 90 days following the first publication of such privacy incident, information security incident or public relations event. If voluntary notifications are provided, e-mail notification will be provided in lieu of first class mail to the extent practicable.

public relations event means the publication or imminent publication in a newspaper (or other general circulation print publication) or on radio, television or a publicly accessible website of a covered cyber claim under this policy.

regulatory authority means any regulator, government, government body, judicial or parliamentary body, governmental or administrative agency, any self regulatory body recognised in that capacity under applicable law or official trade body.

regulatory costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by an insured directly in connection with preparing for, cooperating with or attending interviews in respect of or responding to a regulatory event first commenced during the policy period.
**regulatory event** means in respect of an **insured person** only:

(a) an informal request by a **regulatory authority** for an **insured person** to voluntarily attend an interview, meeting or provide information; or

(b) an interview or meeting during a raid or on-site visit by a **regulatory authority**; or

(c) any formal or official hearing, examination or investigation by a **regulatory authority**, once the **insured person**:

   (i) is requested or required to cooperate with or attend; or

   (ii) is identified in writing by that **regulatory authority** as a target of,

   the formal or official hearing, examination or investigation. Where the **regulatory authority** is the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) (U.S.A), this extension will only apply where the **insured person** has been served with a subpoena or Wells Notice.

**regulatory event** means in respect of a **company** only:

(a) a raid or on-site visit to the **company** by any **regulatory authority** that involves the production, review, copying or confiscation of files or interviews of any **insured persons**;

(b) a public announcement relating to an event in sub-paragraph (a) above.

**regulatory event** includes an investigation carried out by a **data protection authority** in respect of an actual or potential breach of **data protection legislation**.

**regulatory event** does not include routine regulatory supervision, inspection or compliance reviews, or any investigation which focuses on an industry rather than an **insured**.

**responsible person** means the Risk Manager, Insurance Manager, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Compliance Officer, Head of Audit, Chief Technology Officer, Data Protection Officer or General Counsel of the **parent company**.

**retention** means the amount specified in the Schedule.

**security** means stocks, shares, scrip, transfers, certificates, bonds, coupons, and all other types of securities (including securities held in book entry form or as a statement of uncertificated security), cheques, bills of exchange, drafts, certificates of deposit, promissory notes, letters of credit, warrants, title deeds, deeds of trust, bearer instruments, withdrawal orders, receipts for the withdrawal of funds, money orders, orders upon public treasuries, instruments of value (serving the same purpose) and any other documents of negotiable nature, original (and original counterpart) written agreements with a value transferable on delivery with any necessary assignment or endorsement, original corporate, partnership or personal guarantees.
security breach means:

(a) unauthorised access or use of computer systems, including unauthorised access or use resulting from the theft of a password from a computer system or from any insured;

(b) a denial-of-service attack against computer systems or computer systems that are not owned, operated or controlled by an insured; or

(c) infection of computer systems by malicious code or transmission of malicious code from computer systems,

whether any of the foregoing is a specifically targeted attack or a generally distributed attack.

single event means all claims, regulatory events and losses arising out of, based upon or attributable to the same originating cause, source or event.

software removal or reconstitution costs means reasonable fees and expenses necessarily incurred for the verification, reconstitution or removal of electronic data or computer programs, or removal of computer or software codes.

stop payment order liability means the insured, or a financial organisation acting on the insured’s behalf, having complied with or failed to comply with a request to stop payment on any cheque or draft, or having refused to pay any cheque or draft.

subsidiary means any entity in which the parent company either directly or indirectly through one or more entities obtains management control on or before the inception date of this policy.

subsidiary will include:

(a) any new entity which the company incorporates during the policy period and which, at the time of incorporation, the company has management control;

(b) any entity, that the company acquires management control of during the policy period provided that at the time of obtaining that management control, the acquired entity is not incorporated or domiciled in the United States of America.

If a newly acquired entity is incorporated or domiciled in the United States of America, the insurer will provide cover under this policy for 60 days from the date of acquisition, during which time the parent company will give the insurer sufficient information to allow the insurer to assess the potential increase in insurance risk. The insurer may agree to extend the definition of subsidiary to include the newly acquired entity, subject to the parent company accepting any amendment to the terms and conditions of this policy or the charging of a reasonable additional premium that the insurer requires.

subsidiary does not include any fund, investment vehicle, managed investment scheme or trust.

theft via erroneous transfer means theft by a third party of valuable property erroneously directed or erroneously transferred by the insured or by a financial organisation acting on their behalf. The insured must exhaust every reasonable course of action to secure recovery of the valuable property.
third party data means any trade secret, data, design, interpretation, forecast, formula, method, practice, credit or debit card magnetic strip information, process, record, report or other item of information of a third party not insured under this policy which is not available to the general public and is provided to the insured subject to a fully executed written confidentiality agreement or which the company is legally required to maintain in confidence; however, third party data shall not include personal data.

trading means the purchase, sale or other dealings in:

(a) securities (including over-the-counter securities), commodities, futures, options, derivatives, funds, currencies, foreign exchange and similar instruments; or

(b) any other instruments traded through any regulated stock exchange, commodities or mercantile exchange, futures or derivatives exchange, or clearing house, or any other regulated trading facility, trading system or network providing services or functionality of a similar nature.

unauthorised access or use means the gaining of access to or use of computer systems by an unauthorised person or persons or the use of computer systems in an unauthorised manner.

unauthorised disclosure means the disclosure of (including disclosure resulting from phishing) or access to information in a manner that is not authorised by the insured and is without knowledge of, consent, or acquiescence of any responsible person.

uncovered company means any company:

(a) which is located in a jurisdiction where the applicable law or regulation does not allow the insurer to provide cover to that company; or

(b) which the parent company has elected that the policy will not cover directly but, instead, the policy will cover the parent company’s own financial interest in such company.

valuable property means the following items, but only to the extent that they are in physical form:

(a) cash, bullion, precious metals of all kinds and in whatever form, jewellery, gems, precious and semi-precious stones, stamps, postal orders, insurance policies;

(b) any security represented by an instrument issued in bearer or registered form; or

(c) all other negotiable and non-negotiable instruments or contracts representing money or other property or interests therein and other valuable papers,

in which the insured has an interest or which are held by the insured.

vendor means any entity or individual which has a written or electronic agreement with the insured for the provision of products or services by such entity or individual to the insured.
**website media act** means one or more of the following:

(a) defamation, libel, slander, trade libel, infliction of emotional distress, outrage, outrageous conduct, or other tort related to disparagement or harm to the reputation or character of any person or organisation;

(b) a violation of the rights of privacy of an individual, including false light, intrusion upon an individual's seclusion and public disclosure of private facts;

(c) invasion or interference with an individual's right of publicity, including commercial appropriation of name, persona, voice or likeness;

(d) plagiarism, piracy, misappropriation of ideas under implied contract;

(e) infringement of copyright;

(f) infringement of domain name, trademark, trade name, trade dress, logo, title, metatag, or slogan, service mark, or service name; or

(g) improper deep-linking or framing within electronic content.

**website media claim** means a written demand received by the **insured** for money or services, including the institution of arbitration proceedings, that arises out of a **website media act** in the course of the **insured's** display of **media material** on its website or on social media web pages created and maintained by or on behalf of the **insured**.

**website media loss** means **damages** and **claims expenses** that the **insured** shall become legally obligated to pay resulting from a **website media claim**.

**website media loss** shall not mean **damages** or **claims expenses** arising out of or resulting from:

(a) the actual or alleged obligation to make licensing fee or royalty payments, including but limited to the amount or timeliness of such payments;

(b) any **claim** brought by or on behalf of any intellectual property licensing bodies or organisations;

(c) any **claim** made by or on behalf of any independent contractor, joint venturer or venture partner arising out of or resulting from disputes over ownership of rights in **media material** or services provided by such independent contractor, joint venturer or venture partner.

**wrongful act** means any:

(a) actual or alleged act, error or omission;

(b) loss of **documents**

in the performance of or failure to perform **professional services** by any **insured** or by any other person or entity for whom the **insured** is legally liable.